

The Times

THE MILLS MEETINGS OPEN AT SIMPSON TABERNACLE TODAY.



Los Angeles

THE STOCKTON CONVENTION HAS COMPLETED ITS LABORS.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

TWELVE PAGES.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1892

4:00 O'CLOCK A.M.

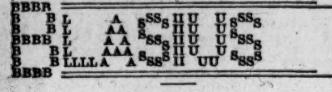
PRICE: SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS.
BY THE WEEK, 3 CENTS.

STANDARD PIANOS.
HAVE YOU SEEN THEM?
If not you should go at once to



103 North Spring Street,

and examine those new and elegant



All the latest improvements are contained in them.

SOLE AGENCY FOR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE
103 North Spring St.

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS!

—STECK — CHICKERING:

—VOSE & SONS—

HARDMAN JEWETT
GARDNER & ZELLNER
213 South Broadway, Potomac Block.
Pianos! Pianos! Pianos!

NATIONAL CHLORIDE OF GOLD INSTITUTE
Southern California Branch
PASADENA, CAL

Liquor, Cocaine, Morphine, Chloral and Tobacco Diseases Cured by this

wonderful remedy. Patients from a distance can board at the Institute or in a pleasant boarding house at very reasonable rates. Come and see the marvelous cures and talk with patients who are only too glad to tell of their happy release from a terrible slavery.

all upon or address.—DR. F. F. BOWLAND, Manager—
Office Hours—8 a.m.; 12 m.; 5 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Under the direction of Al Hayman,
McLain & Lehman... Managers.

THE AGNES HUNTINGTON

Company a pronounced hit. Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

PAUL JONES.—Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday Matinee.

Captain Therese.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HALL,
103 North Spring St.

PIANO — RECITAL.

By WILLIAM PIUTTLE.
Saturday Afternoon, 3 o'clock, May 7, 1892.
Tickets, 50 cents.

A THLETIC PARK, Seventh and Alameda.

CALIFORNIA LEAGUE
Seventh and Alameda Sta., 2 blocks south of Southern Pacific Depot.

LOS ANGELES VS. OAKLAND.

May 5, May 6, May 7.

Game called at 3 p.m. week days.
2:30 o'clock Sunday.
Ladies Day, Friday.
Take electric cars.

NEW VIENNA BUFFET—
F. KERKOW, Proprietor.

Family Entrance. Family Departments.
FREE REFINED ENTERTAINMENT AND CONCERTS.

Every evening from 5 to 12 o'clock.

This week first appearance of MISS ANNIE ASHLEY! MR. J. LEONARD!

MISS ALICE EVANS!

— AND THE NEW VIENNA BUFFET ORCHESTRA! MISS THEODORE KEHRMANN. Directoress.

FINE COOKERY, BAKING, ETC. From 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. and from 5 to 7 p.m.

A LA CARTER, ALL THE HOURS.

C. S. TRAPHAGEN'S TURKISH BATH
230 S. Main St.

Ladies' Department open 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Gentlemen's Dept. open day and night.

LOST AND FOUND.

I LOST—A SUITABLE REWARD WILL BE

OFFERED FOR THE RETURN OF A BLACK MARE, about 8 years old, long mane and tail, white blaze from ankle to hoof; lost on morning of the 27th instant, from San Francisco to Los Angeles, and reward, \$5.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A PLEA-

SEAN gray mare, 14 hands high, 2 teeth white spots and 1 dark one, limp back of left hind foot, but long, clean tail. Return to E. D. RYAN, Hendrie's Art Works, and receive reward, \$5.

LOST—TAKEN FROM TRAIN ON N. S. G. W. excursion, Wednesday, a black silver-headed cane, initials F. E. W.; return to this office, \$5.

LOST—ON TUESDAY, APRIL 21, A black silk purse with gold hardware, lost at 724 W. SECOND ST. and receive reward, 5.

LOST—A GOLD CHAIN BRACELET;

Box 38, University F. G. Los Angeles, Cal. 6

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS.

A. S. SHORB, M. D., HOMEOPATHIST

Offices, 205 N. Main St., Macarrell Block; also 102 S. Spring St., San Fran., and 102 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Calif. Office hours, 11 to 12 a.m., 1 to 4 p.m. Tel. No. 82.

REMOVAL NOTICE—DR. DOROTHEA

Lummis has removed her office to rooms 24 and 25 Potomac Block, hours, 8 a.m.

to 12 m.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BALDWIN'S HOTEL OAKWOOD, ARCA-

DA, San Fran. Santa Anita Ranch, will be open

for the summer season. For permission to hunt ranch obtained at hotel. Lunches for excursion parties a specialty.

POPULAR LUNCH RESORTS.
HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE—SECOND ST.

STEAMED CLAMS—

—BROILED LIVE LOBSTER,

EVERY DAY.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NADEAU—EUROPEAN PLAN.

strictly first-class. Everything mod-

ern. Fires escape, electric call bells,

staircases, etc. 200 elegant rooms, 60

suites with bath. Rates from \$1 per day

upward.

COR. SPRING AND FIRST. Los Angeles.

THE PARKER GOOD BOARD AND

Dorms at moderate prices; home cooking.

424 W. FOURTH ST., between Hill and Olive.

12

FIRE INSURANCE.

SAM N. OSBORNE, INSURANCE AND

Atlantic Steamship agency.

B. F. COLLINS, FLORIST.

Floral Designs made to order. Flowers

306½ S. Spring St., near Third.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

TO FINANCERS AND INVESTORS—

The Pasadena and Mount Wilson Railway is

now under construction, in which a portion of

the interest in its first mortgage 7 per cent.

bonds and stock is offered during the next 30

years.

Full particulars will be given at COMPANY'S

OFFICE, Hotel Green Block, Pasadena, Cal.

or the PASADENA BANK, 102 S. Spring St.,

& TRUST CO., trustee for bondholders, cor-

Third and Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

SECURITY LOAN AND TRUST CO.

OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

132 W. Second St., Los Angeles, Cal.

When you have borrowed money or replace

your present indebtedness, it is my duty to

charge no commissions, and aim to make the

borrower's expenses just as light as possible.

Let me make quickly and quietly at low rates.

Do not fail to see us before borrowing elsewhere.

ANY PART OF 40 SHARES L. A. NA-

tional Bank stock at \$1.10, worth \$1.40.

POINDEXTER & LIST, 127 W. Second.

NOTICE TO LADIES: LADIES' HATS

N and bonnets reshaped in any style desired;

strich plumes dyed a brilliant black at

any time.

De Young, Felton, Spence and Rideout Chosen Delegates-at-large.

Estee "Crucified," Losing the Race

When He Had Won It.

A Strong Platform Adopted—Plenty of

Cheers for Blaine and Some Enthusi-

asm for Harrison—That Fed-

eral Brigade Resolution.

ITS TASK DONE

The Convention at Stockton Ends Its Labors.

De Young, Felton, Spence and Rideout Chosen Delegates-at-large.

Estee "Crucified," Losing the Race

When He Had Won It.

A Strong Platform Adopted—Plenty of

Cheers for Blaine and Some Enthusi-

asm for Harrison—That Fed-

eral Brigade Resolution.

By Telegraph to The Times.

STOCKTON, May 4.—[Special.] The

Republican State Convention has

finished its work. It was a strong body

of men, taken as a whole, and its two

days' session has been marked by some

vigorous work. There were clashes in

the organization chiefly confined to the

San Francisco delegations, but the gen-

eral outcome was satisfactory.

There was a sharp contest over the

adoption of the platform, not as it came

from the committee, but upon the

amendment providing for the exclusion

of office-holders from service upon the

State Central Committee. Against this

daring attempt to restrict the political

reach and range of the Federal and

State officials that ever busy fraternity

rose up in arms to a man. They fought

the amendment tooth and nail and some of

the speakers against it had the hardihood to

claim very broadly that the bulk of the

party's brains and skill are to be found

under the hats of the gentlemen who

hold down the offices. This idea was

vigorously combated by the laymen, J. L. Murphy of Los Angeles, another of

the now notorious secret ballot device,

spoke for the local office-holders. Walter S. Moore attacked the amendment in

a vigorous and effective speech, which was listened to by the convention.

George A. Knight made one of his strong, effective speeches against the bumptious claims of the patriots of

the federal brigade and the State contingent, and for a time it looked as though the amendment would prevail

and the restriction over office-holders

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

PUBLISHERS OF THE
Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager
WM. A. SPALDING.....Vice-President
ALBERT MCFARLAND.....Treasurer
C. C. ALLEN.....SecretaryOffice: Times Building.
N. E. corner of First and Broadway. Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 29

Founded December 4, 1881.

The Los Angeles Times

OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VOLUME XXI.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

NUMBER 154.

TERMS: By Mail, \$9 a year; by carrier \$5 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; 6 months, 75 cents.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

Guaranteed Average Daily Circulation, April, 10,553 Copies.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

AT THE OPERAHOUSE—Paul Jones.

An exchange says that there is a farmer in Ventura county whose name is Stubblefield and another named Haymaker and that Los Angeles has still another honest granger who bears the euphonious name of John Beanblossom. National City, says the Record, was once the residence of John Hellwagen and his wife's maiden name was Gocart.

The scene which the Exposition grounds at Chicago now afford, with most of the buildings nearing completion and the construction being pushed forward by more than 6,000 workmen, is accounted so interesting and wonderful that from 1,000 to 5,000 visitors a day willingly pay the admission fee of 25 cents to witness it. Before the abolition of the free pass system, the visitors often numbered as high as 15,000 or 20,000. The work of construction was interfered with, so that it was thought best to charge an admission and thus diminish the size of the crowd of sightseers and at the same time add to the financial resources of the Exposition.

Col. W. H. Gilder who was with Lieut. Schwatka in his expedition to the polar regions, proposes to head another expedition shortly to make a survey of the region of one of the north magnetic poles. An enterprise of this sort has the merit of much interest, since the whole science of terrestrial physics might be benefited by a careful location of the pole and observations made there. It is considerably below the physical pole of the earth, in the neighborhood of Greenland, and the chances of reaching it are much better than of reaching the physical pole, or finding the apocryphal northwest passage. There is another north magnetic pole on the opposite side of the globe north of Asia.

The proposition now pending to cut off the pay of Congressmen for such time as they are absent from their seats during session, unless engaged in committee work, is one that the whole country will endorse. Only a few days ago the House was forced to adjourn on account of the absence of a quorum. Thus a day was wasted at a cost of about \$7,000 to the country. There is no reason why Congressmen should not put in their time in the performance of their duties as conscientiously as other public employés, and it is a serious reflection upon them that they have not sufficient integrity to perform their duty without watching. Dock them for the time they spend in loafing and they may awake to a realizing sense of their obligations.

It is a pity that San Francisco has the big-head so badly that she cannot bear the thought of learning something from her more provincial sisters. The new electric railway in that city has been inaugurated with a series of three accidents in six days. In the last one, a car became unmanageable and ran down a grade, endangering the lives of a score of people and seriously injuring several. In this way the reputation of the line will be seriously damaged and many people will be so prejudiced against it that they will not patronize it. Los Angeles has had an extensive system of electric roads in operation for months, and no serious accident has yet resulted. On this system there are some gradients as steep as any on the San Francisco line. If our up-country neighbors had come here and made a study of track-brakes and other contrivances in successful use, and had even invested a little money in purchasing the use of certain Los Angeles patents, it would probably have given them a better start and saved them thousands of dollars. Experience is a dear school, as they are probably finding out, but they rank with the class that will learn in no other.

At Akron, O., a few days ago there was a funny demonstration of how a trivial thing may lead to most serious consequences. About 9 o'clock in the morning a runaway horse dashed through the plate-glass window of one of the biggest banks of the city. The incident, of course, caused considerable excitement for a moment, and as the news of it spread through town some nervous and excitable individual connected the words "run" and "bank" in an ominous way. This idiot soon was convinced that there was a run on the bank, and he so told all the shop people in his neighborhood. That was enough. Nothing more was needed. By 12 o'clock that day there were hundreds of money-mad and frenzied men and women around that bank scrambling to withdraw their deposits. The broken plate-glass window only served to increase their excitement, and all attempts by the bank officials to explain the situation were howled down. By the closing hour in the afternoon thousands of dollars had been drained from the vaults of the bank, and, but for other banks coming to the assistance of the unfortunate institution that night by distributing circulars around the city telling depositors that the other banks) would cash all checks, properly certified, on the bank with the broken plate-glass window, the run would have continued the next day and resulted in breaking the bank, for there is no institution that can stand a run without warning.

The Society of Mechanical Engineers.

An event of great importance to this Coast will take place this month in the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers at San Francisco.

This institution comprises a membership of about 2,000 of the most prominent mechanical engineers of the United States. A considerable proportion of the great works of the present time are designed and conducted under the supervision of these men.

Trailed to close observation and to the forming of practical judgments, they will in their brief visit to our Coast carry away with them a great fund of information. At no time in the history of the world have capitalists

relied so great an extent upon the judgment of trained engineers as at present, and it is safe to say that the impression we make upon this body of scientific men will have great weight in influencing men of capital in investing in Pacific Coast enterprises and securities.

It becomes therefore of great general importance that they be given a fair chance to see us at our best, and not be forced to base their judgment of our condition upon meager information.

The Eastern cities where they have held their meetings have entertained them and provided excursions and visits to the points of interest in the vicinity. Would it not be well for the Chamber of Commerce to ascertain how many will return to the East by way of Los Angeles and provide some way of showing them our section in a fitting manner.

The engineers are to come out by way of the Central Pacific and have the option of returning by the way of Portland or of Los Angeles. It would not be time wasted to invite them this way and entertain them handsomely.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the light upon them—that is what crime and evil of every form do not like. Evil had rather skulk in darkness. It would like to be let alone by the press and the pulpit, so that it may remain undisturbed. Exposure is what it dreads, for with that comes the fear of suppression and punishment and of general reprobation.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

GRAND OPERAHOUSE.—The Agnes Huntington company repeated Paul Jones at the Grand last night to a good house, and will give the same bill this evening.

POLITICAL POINTS

Elections in France are always held on Sundays, in order to suit the convenience of workingmen and peasants.

The Prohibitionists are talking about changing their party name. Prohibition, they say, is not the thing they are after, but suppression.

The Cleveland World (Rep.) declares that "in case it should be ascertained that President Harrison does not have sufficient strength to be nominated on the first ballot, there is no man in the United States to whom the nomination would so logically come as to Gov. McKinley of Ohio. He stands for Republicanism through and through."

Gen. O. O. Howard shows himself a man of sense in declining to resign his position in the Senate to the Prohibition candidate for the Presidency. Gen. Howard prefers to command troops who will obey him, rather than a body of irregulars who notoriously abandon their leaders. Any newspaper man who has ever attempted a "temperance fight" will appreciate Gen. Howard's feelings.—[Kansas City Star.]

The liberal Gen. Gordon, always overflowing with star-spangled sympathies, did not think it worth while to nominate for President at the recent Confederate reunion in New Orleans. Longstreet did not have a seat on the stage. Why? The Hartford Courant says, "Because he is a Republican. Because he was a friend of Gen. Grant. Because he has held office under three Republican Presidents. Because Democratic politicians like Gordon put partisanship above old comradeship."

The St. Louis Globe (Dem.) claims that while in the three most recent Presidential elections the Negro vote was nearly all in the eastern part of the country, with a few "doubtful" ones in Indiana, it is now the fact that the great mass of the independent voters of the country are west of the Alleghenies. "There are three independent on this side to one on the other," it says. "There is now an independent vote." It continues, "large enough to be a factor in politics." The Negro vote may not come this year, but it is coming in both the West and South, and either party or the other will be very badly demoralized by it."

The widespread interest of educated young men in the principles of the Republican party was illustrated recently in the formation of a Republican club by the students of the University of the City of New York. It was one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in the city, and was attended by about 150 young men. Some lively, interesting, eloquent and enthusiastic speeches were made by the young men. So persuasive, indeed, were their arguments that several Democratic students who had entered the meeting for obstructive purposes, supposedly, so far overcame the error of their ways as to join in the discussion and in cheering the Republican party.

More Harbor Defenses Needed. WASHINGTON, May 4.—Senator McPherson today reported an amendment from the Naval Committee to the Naval Appropriation Bill, proposing to increase the number of harbor defense vessels from one to three, torpedo boats from six to ten and also providing for torpedoes, submarine and otherwise, for which latter purpose \$1,000,000 is appropriated.

Wyoming Ranchers Enjoined. CHEYENNE (Wyo.), May 4.—Judge Ryner has granted a temporary injunction, restraining the ranchmen in northern Wyoming, especially in Johnson county, from making round-ups. Marshal Rankin, with a large number of deputies, has gone to the scene of trouble.

The Democratic howlers had better drop the tin plate subject as quickly as possible. They cannot argue against it any longer without showing their backwoods proclivities.

As Gov. McKinley puts it, "The Republican tariff is now eighteen months old, and we can talk for itself." It is talking right lustily, and it is confounding the Democrats, who have all along prayed for its untimely death.

The Society of Mechanical Engineers.

An event of great importance to this Coast will take place this month in the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers at San Francisco.

This institution comprises a membership of about 2,000 of the most prominent mechanical engineers of the United States. A considerable proportion of the great works of the present time are designed and conducted under the supervision of these men.

Trailed to close observation and to the forming of practical judgments, they will in their brief visit to our Coast carry away with them a great fund of information. At no time in the history of the world have capitalists

relied so great an extent upon the judgment of trained engineers as at present, and it is safe to say that the impression we make upon this body of scientific men will have great weight in influencing men of capital in investing in Pacific Coast enterprises and securities.

It becomes therefore of great general importance that they be given a fair chance to see us at our best, and not be forced to base their judgment of our condition upon meager information.

The Eastern cities where they have held their meetings have entertained them and provided excursions and visits to the points of interest in the vicinity. Would it not be well for the Chamber of Commerce to ascertain how many will return to the East by way of Los Angeles and provide some way of showing them our section in a fitting manner.

The engineers are to come out by way of the Central Pacific and have the option of returning by the way of Portland or of Los Angeles. It would not be time wasted to invite them this way and entertain them handsomely.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

Let in the Light.

In an address read before the "National Christian League for the Promotion of Social Purity," and published in the Church Union of April 15, the writer very earnestly says:

I would that my listeners could realize the fact that without a knowledge of the evils which are lurking in our very midst, whether it be in the homes of the wealthy, in the Christian family, in the haunts of degradation and poverty, or in the haunts of government, we could not command the moral force which would command the world.

This cannot be removed or restricted except by letting in light upon the thoughts and deeds of darkness. Christians must put forth practical efforts to this end according to knowledge—and they must seek this knowledge with unceasing diligence.

POLITICS IN THE EAST.

Convention Proceedings in Many of the States.

Illinois Republicans Shout Themselves Hoarse for Blaine.

Gen. Hawley's Address to the Connecticut Convention.

Cleveland the Favorite of the Badger State Democrats—Everything Said to Be Rosy in the All-American Camp.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.) May 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Illinois delegation to the Republican National Convention will cast a solid vote for the renomination of President Harrison, under instruction of the Republican State Convention, if the recommendation of the Committee on Resolutions tonight made is carried out. At midnight the committee, 18 to 2, decided to add a resolution to the platform endorsing in the warmest terms the administration of President Harrison and instructing the State delegation to vote as a unit for his nomination at the national convention.

The convention met this afternoon. Congressman A. J. Hopkins was chosen temporary chairman. He addressed the convention at length on the issue of the day.

Chairman Hopkins' speech was loudly applauded, especially the mention of Harrison and Blaine. The latter came in for the lion's share, and hats, coats and umbrellas were thrown into the aisle, while the delegates yelled repeatedly: "What's the matter with Blaine?" When the chairman predicted that the candidate nominated at Minneapolis would be elected there were loud cheers of "And his name is Blaine! Blaine!"

"It is so written in the book of fate," said the chairman, continuing his speech, but the delegates interpreted this as meaning an endorsement of their suggestion of Blaine's nomination, and again that popular leader was loudly cheered.

After reading a telegram from Senator Cullom committees were appointed and the convention adjourned until tomorrow.

This evening the Committee on Permanent Organization decided to make the temporary organization permanent. The Committee on Resolutions, after a lengthy argument from delegates and a warm discussion in executive session, settled the vexed compulsory education question by adopting a plank in favor of the repeal of the present law and the enactment of another which will preserve the principle of compulsory education in the English language, but protect parents and private and parochial schools from unnecessary official interference.

NUTMEG REPUBLICANS.

The Convention Meets—Gen. Hawley's Address—The Platform.

HARTFORD, May 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Republican State Convention reassembled here this morning. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported a list of officers headed by Senator Hawley as permanent chairman. They were elected. Gen. Hawley on taking the chair made a speech.

Gen. Hawley began by practicing a hot campaign. He reviewed the party's history. Referring to its achievements he said that in none of these things have we had the cordial cooperation of the Democratic party. In almost every one we have had vigorous opposition. Referring to possible candidates at Minneapolis, the speaker said:

I am here to tell you who shall be or who should be the nominee of our party for the presidency. I know a warm place in the hearts of many of you is always occupied by James G. Blaine; I know well that all Republicans were saddened by the announcement that he withdraws from his candidacy. Since he has the genius to be loved, let us give him the nomination. I am sure Benjamin Harrison has proved himself one of the ablest statesmen in the line of Presidents. He conducted the treasury when the Secretary was disabled; he became Secretary of State when Blaine was compelled to close his portfolio. He is well qualified as a substitute for any member of his Cabinet.

Gen. Hawley then paid a tribute to the wisdom of Harrison's appointments, from the Cabinet down, and the fidelity of his speeches in his journeys through the country. The speaker then took up the tariff:

We are not deceived by the cry concerning free raw material. It is true that Boston is 90 per cent. labor; it is also man's finished product, as truly as the exquisite hair-spring of a watch is another man's. The wool of sheep is labor, the perfected product of the farmer. Tariff cannot create monopoly in anything 65,000,000 people are free to produce.

Referring to money, these were the general words:

In our humble judgment, not only as Republicans, but as men generally, those men do not only against economic experiments, but also against the principles of the Nation that it should pay the solder a dollar for every 70 cents' worth of silver, ingots or old spoons as a coin that we may push upon his employee or other creditor for a dollar. The Government has paid him his extra 30 cents and it then holds itself bound to make good the aforementioned extra 30 cents to the public.

Our silver bill of 1890 does enough when it puts out a silver dollar for every marketable dollar's worth of silver to the extent of \$54,000,000 ounces a year, and when it pledges itself to make every dollar of whatever kind as good as any other kind, it is believed by the world that such an arrangement of paper dollars, issued as the money of war, we may not be true prophets in saying that unlimited coinage would bring upon us a non-metallic currency, a premium on gold, derangement of our international commerce and disaster to our financial institutions and most heavily, always, of course, to the power of the working classes.

Harrison's administration was endorsed and the delegates instructed for him. The platform has a plank against the free coinage of silver.

Republicans Win at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL (Minn.) May 4.—Returns compiled today verify the claims of the Republicans of having carried the city ticket and a majority of the Council. Altogether it was a landslide. This is the first time in twenty years that the Republicans have carried the city.

Maine Prohibitionists.

BANGOR (Me.) May 4.—The State Prohibition Convention was called to order this afternoon by W. W. Perry of Portland. The convention has no particular preferences for Presidential nomination.

Tennessee Republicans.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.) May 4.—The Republican State Convention opened today for the selection of delegates-at-large and the nomination of Governor.

to find those legally chosen, and disputes the claim of the Democratic Senate that incorrect returns of moderators are final and binding upon the legislature. The Democratic Senators are condemned for their stubborn refusal to unite with the House in legislation imperatively needed to prevent similar complications in future elections.

After choosing delegates-at-large to the national convention the convention adjourned.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATS.

A Resolution Against Free Silver in Their Platform.

MILWAUKEE, May 4.—The Democratic State convention met here this afternoon. Robert Leeds was chosen temporary chairman. He delivered an address on taking the chair. Every allusion to Cleveland elicited enthusiastic applause.

The platform denounces the extravagance of Lamson's administration; declares public office a public trust; favors tariff for revenue only; on the currency question it says:

We maintain that the true interests of the people demand a sound, honest, stable money, composed or based on and redeemed in gold and silver coins of equal intrinsic value. We therefore oppose the project of the unlimited coining of silver dollars of less commercial value than gold dollars as undemocratic, dishonest and specially hurtful to the farmers and laboring classes, the first and most defenseless victims of unstable money and fluctuating currency. We denounce the Republican legislation on this subject, most particularly the Sherman act of 1890.

After the enthusiasm over the platform had subsided Chairman Leeds called for a rising vote on the adoption of the same, which was carried.

Senator Vilas, Gen. E. S. Bragg, E. S. Wall, John A. Knight, were chosen delegates at large to the Chicago convention. Gen. Bragg closed the convention by a speech warmly eulogizing Grover Cleveland, and approving the stand taken by the convention in regard to silver.

A big ratification meeting was held tonight under the auspices of the Jefferson Club. Great interest was aroused at the meeting by the announcement that the Governor had just decided to call an extra session of the Wisconsin Legislature to deal with the gerrymander declared unconstitutional by the State Supreme Court.

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS.

The Delegates All Favor Cleveland, But Some Want Free Silver.

MUSKEGON (Mich.) May 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Democratic State Convention met at noon. All the delegates favor Cleveland, but there is a section in favor of free silver, and it will make an earnest effort to have a free silver plank inserted and adopted. If this element is not represented on the Platform Committee there will be a contest.

At 10 o'clock the different districts held caucuses to choose delegates to the national convention.

The convention met shortly afterward. H. B. Hudson was chosen temporary chairman.

After recess to allow the committees to make reports the convention reassembled. Hon. Peter White was chosen permanent chairman.

In the course of his address he pointed dramatically to the portrait of Cleveland as that of one man dearer than all others in the hearts of the American people! The convention rose in a body and gave cheer after cheer.

White made an eloquent speech in which he referred in glowing terms to Cleveland, the name drawing forth a wild burst of approval.

Don M. Dickinson, Spencer O. Fisher, Edward Ryan and Edwin F. Uhl were selected delegates-at-large.

Chairman Compan telephoned Cleveland tonight that the largest Democratic State Convention in the party's history had elected a unanimous Cleveland delegation and instructed it to vote as a unit, adding that in this action the delegation will express the exact sentiment of the Michigan Democracy.

Everything Rosy in the Alliance.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.) May 4.—The Age-Herald is furnished with the following as a correct statement of the Alliance's proceedings and prospects: Perfect harmony seems to prevail, and a wise conservatism that will prevent any radical action governs the entire work in the different States. All present express themselves as determined to support the Alliance principles and seem disposed to keep the order entirely free from any partisan entanglements. In all probability the resolutions will favor preserving to membership the fullest right and freedom to affiliate politically, with any party, making support of Alliance principles the only test of fealty.

Maryland Republicans.

FREDERICK (Md.) May 5.—The Maryland Republican Convention was called to order by Harry M. Clabaugh, chairman of the State Central Committee. The contesting delegations from Baltimore, representing Postmaster Johnson's element of the party (the administration faction,) were quickly decided to have no standing, and the James A. Gary delegates were seated. Charles T. Westcott was made temporary chairman. The delegates-at-large are James A. Gary, Maj. Alexander Shaw, Thomas H. Hodson and Louis E. McCombs.

Harrison's administration was endorsed and the delegates instructed for him. The platform has a plank against the free coinage of silver.

Republicans Win at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL (Minn.) May 4.—Returns compiled today verify the claims of the Republicans of having carried the city ticket and a majority of the Council. Altogether it was a landslide. This is the first time in twenty years that the Republicans have carried the city.

Maine Prohibitionists.

BANGOR (Me.) May 4.—The State Prohibition Convention was called to order this afternoon by W. W. Perry of Portland. The convention has no particular preferences for Presidential nomination.

Tennessee Republicans.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.) May 4.—The Republican State Convention opened today for the selection of delegates-at-large and the nomination of Governor.

The delegates were instructed for Harrison. For Governor John E. McCall was the favorite.

The ballot for Governor, however, resulted: McCall, 270; Winsted, 419, and Winsted's nomination was made unanimous.

Plundered Indians Appeal to Miles. CHICAGO, May 4.—Gen. Miles today received dispatches from Bal Wade in Indian Territory saying that many Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians have called him and protested against paying exorbitant fees to attorneys whom they had never employed, to secure their entry papers. These lawyers intruded themselves on the Indians and filed claims for attorney fees in the Land Office, where they were allowed. The Indians, who claim they were defrauded, urged Wade to lay the grievance before Miles, in whom the Indians have confidence but who is powerless in the matter.

THE BALL FIELD.

Good Luck Still Follows the San Jose Players.

A Home Run in the Ninth Inning Gives Them a Hard-earned Victory Over San Francisco—Eastern Games.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The San Francisco and San Jose teams played a very interesting game today at Oakland, San Jose winning, 5 to 4. The score was twice tied and the clubs ran an even race until Dooley won the game for his side in the ninth inning by knocking out a home run. There was not much hitting on either side and fielding was very fair.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

The Chicagoans Win a Twelve-inning Game with Baltimore.

CHICAGO, May 4.—[By the Associated Press.] She colts had a hard struggle but finally won in the twelfth inning, batting in two earned runs.

Chicago 6, Baltimore 4.

Chicago 6, Baltimore 11.

Errors—Chicago, 10; Baltimore, 11.

Batteries—Luby and Schriver, McMahon and Robinson.

St. Louis, May 4.—The Browns won because their errors were not as costly as New York's.

St. Louis, 5; New York, 3.

Hits—St. Louis, 6; New York, 4.

Errors—St. Louis, 8; New York, 4.

Batteries—Gleason and Buckley, Rustic and Boyle.

Western League.

OMAHA, May 4.—The Milwaukee game was postponed on account of rain.

St. Paul, May 4.—St. Paul, 7; Toledo, 8.

KANSAS CITY, May 2.—The Indianapolis game was postponed on account of rain.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 4.—Minneapolis, 6; Columbus, 7.

CLEVELAND, May 4.—The Clevelandians' inability to hit Kilborn caused their defeat.

Cleveland, 1; Washington, 3.

Hartford, 4; Washington, 7.

Errors—Cleveland, 0; Washington, 1.

Batteries—Davis and Boyle, Kilroy and McGuire.

PITTSBURGH, May 4.—Ehret had no control of the ball and the Phillies won with the greatest ease.

Pittsburgh 5, Philadelphia 11.

Hits—Pittsburgh 12, Philadelphia 13.

Errors—Pittsburgh 2, Philadelphia 8.

Batteries—Camp and Ehret, Earle, Weyling and Clements.

LOUISVILLE, May 4.—Louisville led until the sixth inning when the Boston bunchered their hits and won.

Louisville 3, Boston 4.

Hits—Louisville 5, Boston 9.

Errors—Louisville 3, Boston 3.

Batteries—Jones, Grim, Nichols, Kelly.

CINCINNATI, May 4.—The stupid playing of Mullane and errors by Smith lost the game.

Cincinnati 2, Brooklyn 4.

Hits—Cincinnati 3, Brooklyn 7.

Errors—Cincinnati 3, Brooklyn 3.

Batteries—Mulane, Murphy, Stein, Winslow.

To be Quickly Hanged.

TRENTON (N. J.) May 7.—Edward Halligan, a negro wife-murderer of Jersey City, who was sentenced to hang twice but was saved each time through a lawyer who asked for a writ of habeas corpus, will, it is reported, be sentenced in the Hudson County Court of Oyer and Terminer tomorrow morning and hanged in the afternoon. The unusual proceeding will be justified, it is said, in order to keep Lawyer Pescall from appealing the case again, as one appeal has just been set aside by the United States Supreme Court.

The Omaha Bridge Case.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—The case of the Union Pacific against the Rock Island and St. Paul is set to be argued in the Court of Appeals. It involves the right to the bridge of the Union Pacific, whereby the Rock Island had the privilege of running cars across the Missouri River at Omaha and over eight miles of appellant's track. The Union Pacific refused to abide by the agreement.

Huntington's Purchase.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—The published statement was made here this afternoon that the handsome residence on "Nob Hill" of the late Gen. Colton, one of the promoters of the Central Pacific Railroad, had been purchased by C. P. Huntington. The sum paid by Huntington is stated to be \$250,000.

The Cordage Trust Suit.

NEW YORK, May 4.—An officer of the Cordage Company said today, referring to the civil suit which it is reported the Government is going to bring against the company: "We have no information of any suit, except what is stated in the newspapers and do not believe it is going to be brought."

The Texas Method.

GREENVILLE (Tex.) May 4.—Capt. J. Cook, a prominent citizen, was shot dead by A. B. Turner, a mill and gin owner. A disagreement over a trivial business transaction was the cause.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

News intended for this department should be published promptly, and sent addressed to "THE TIMES—Society News," accompanied by the name of the sender as a guarantee. Write briefly and plainly, giving the facts without needless verbiage.

THE PREUSS-SCHUMACHER RECEPTION.
The reception given by Mrs. E. A. Preuss and her sister, Mrs. Nellie Schumacher, yesterday at their residence on South Broadway, was the social event of the after-Lenten season and was one of those quietly elegant affairs always so enjoyable. The street fronting the residence was literally blocked with carriages during the hours of receiving, which were from 3 to 6 p.m. As the door swung open to admit the guests the fragrance of flowers and the exquisite music from Romandy's orchestra delighted the senses. The parlors were thronged with beautifully-costumed women, many an Easter gown and bonnet here receiving its social christening. The hostesses, standing in the alcove of the drawing-room, welcomed the guests. Mrs. Preuss, in a beautiful gown of cream and red crêpe, richly trimmed with Irish lace, received her friends with that charm of manner peculiarly her own, and by her side stood Mrs. Schumacher, her graceful figure robed in white crêpe.

The decorations were artistic and elegant. The hall was a feature in itself with its reeds and grasses interlacing the balustrade, nodding from newel post and doorway and reflected in the hall mirror. The parlors were in yellow and red—great clusters of flaming cacti and amaryllis blossoms. Fuchsias dropped their crimson, purple-tongued bells from crystal jars and a bowl of lovely iris blossoms mounted on a stand made a pretty corner piece. The mantels and grates were massed with ferns and horse-tails and the snowy, plume-like blossoms of papyri, and over all fell a flood of golden light from the yellow-shaded chandeliers. Nothing was gaudy, all being in harmonious taste.

The dining-room was a symphony in pink and blue. The mantel was massed with exquisite La France roses, fronded with dainty forget-me-nots. A horn of plenty, overflowing with pink roses, was suspended in a corner by loops of pink satin ribbon falling in graceful festoons. The sideboard looked cool and inviting with its masses of green ferns clustered about the punch bowl.

The chandelier was shaded with pink and the rosy light fell softly from pink candelabra on the table covered with snowy damask strewn with forget-me-nots and rosebuds. Refreshments were deitily served by a corps of trained waiters, and a bevy of young girls—Misses Jennie Bonzall, Louise Dunn and Daisy Rose—flitted in and out of the dining-room.

Among the many guests were noticed: Messrs. R. S. Baker, J. Winston, W. Pridham, J. Wheeler, Clay Green of New York, W. H. Bonsall, A. D. Childress, D. McFarland, E. A. Otis, Hancock Banning, Whiting, George Patton, J. S. Stauson, McNeil, R. M. Widney, L. J. Rose, S. C. Hubbell, J. E. Plater, W. S. Moore, Charles Forman, L. J. Rose, W. Hopkins, G. Wiley Wells, M. Hughes, Mrs. and Miss Willcox of Philadelphia, Miss Jessie Butler, Mrs. Moye Wicks, Mrs. Gen. Mansfield, Miss Waddore, Mrs. S. B. Caswell and many others.

—VON BUSKIRK-MOLL.

The wedding of Ed Von Buskirk to Miss Attlie Moll took place on Tuesday evening last at their new home on Pico Heights. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. F. W. Johnson of Calabonga Valley. The bride was very prettily attired in cashmere, trimmed in lace and wore orange blossoms in her hair and corsage. After the congratulations the party repaired to the dining-room where a sumptuous wedding supper was served. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Phil Hirshfeld, Mr. and Mrs. Caler, Mr. and Mrs. J. Moll, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Von Buskirk, Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Moll, Misses Naoma Caler, Clara Reid, Bessie Von Buskirk, May Sickler, the Misses Moll, Master Waldo Emerson Moll, Messrs. Sam Von Buskirk, George Ferguson, Carl McStay, Ward Hagen, John Jones, Jessie Von Buskirk, F. J. Moll. The presents were costly and numerous, consisting of a beautiful mantel clock, a solid redwood center table, silverware and many other beautiful and useful articles. The guests departed wishing the young couple many years of prosperity.

—CHAPIN-ENOS.

A charming home wedding occurred last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Warner, on South Hill street, the bride being Mrs. Ida M. Enos of this city, niece of Mrs. Warner, who was united in marriage to E. C. Chapin of Chicago. The elegant appointments of the pretty home were heightened by the artistic arrangement of flowers. Roses bloomed from mantels, were reflected from cabinet mirrors, and fringed the lace draperies of the alcove where the groom and his handsome bride stood under a tilted umbrella of pink roses lined with pure white. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. J. W. Campbell, pastor of the First Methodist Church, and was witnessed only by the immediate friends of the couple. The bridal party entered the parlor to the strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. Palmer of Chicago, and a more beautiful bride than faced the little company of guests has not graced the altar in many a day. The bridal robe of ivory crêpe, en traine, richly trimmed with lace ribbons and jeweled passementerie, was marvelously becoming to her brunette beauty. A string of pearls encircled her throat, and she carried a big bunch of white sweet peas in her gloved hands.

After congratulations had been offered the wedding guests were invited to the dining-room, where a delicious wedding supper was served from a table bright with flowers.

Some handsome presents were received, the groom presenting his bride with an elegant watch and chain.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Warner, C. D. Warner, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. Lincoln of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Frost, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Burnham, the Misses Henderson, Master Henderson, all of Pasadena; Mr. and Mrs. Dawson, Mr. Parish, the Misses Freeman and Mrs. C. Bouck.

Mr. and Mrs. Chapin went at once to Hotel Lincoln, where they will be at home to their friends after the 8th inst., until the last of the month, when they leave for Chicago to pass the summer, returning to Los Angeles in the autumn.

The bride has many friends in this city whose warm congratulations are hers. Mr. Chapin is one of the managers of the Chicago Graphic and an experienced newspaper man.

—LOOSE-BEACH PARTY.

A very delightful evening was spent at the skating rink at Long Beach Monday evening in honor of the nineteenth birthday of Walter Bullock; the affair was in sheet and pillowcase uniform. Refreshments were served at 10 p.m. The following guests were present: Mr. Lowe and wife, Mrs. Bullock, Mr. Bixby and wife, Mr. Dunn and wife, Mr. Sweeney and wife, Mr. McCracken and wife, George Curtis and wife, Capt. Healey and wife, Misses Trucey, Boyle, Lowe, Robinson, Spalding, Dunn, Blanch Healey, Maude Healey, Miss

There is a Difference

In make up: Most baking powders contain ammonia or alum. Cleveland's does not, not a particle; it is composed of pure cream of tartar and bi-carbonate of soda, with a little flour to keep the strength, nothing else. That is why Cleveland's is the most wholesome.

In strength: A rounded teaspoonful of Cleveland's Baking Powder does better work than a heaping teaspoonful of any other; a large saving on a year's bakenings. That is why Cleveland's leavens most.

In results: With most baking powders cake is coarse grained, gets dry and "husky," with Cleveland's, it is fine grained, keeps moist and fresh. That is why Cleveland's leavens best.

Cleveland's Baking Powder;
Wholesome, Leavens Most, Leavens Best.

Graham of Chicago, Mr. Flint, Walter Bullock, Messrs. Cox, Heiley, Levett, Holman, Alesman, Elkian, Craig, O'Kell, Bailey. Music by the Long Beach string band. Dancing from 8 to 12.

PERSONAL MENTION.
Mrs. Charles Forman will entertain a company of lady friends at a thimble party tomorrow afternoon at her home on West Pico street.

Mrs. Glassell gave a large reception yesterday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Clay Green of New York, who is the guest of her parents, Col. and Mrs. Wheeler, at the Baker block, has so far recovered from her recent illness as to be able to appear in social circles, to which she is a welcome addition.

Mrs. J. E. Plater leaves the last of this month for San Francisco, where she will join a party of friends for a trip to Alaska, sailing on the Queen about June 1. On her return she will visit Mrs. Hayden McLellan and daughter at Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. Willcox and charming daughter of Philadelphia, who have been spending a couple of months with Mrs. M. Hughes of St. James Park, who is a sister of Mrs. Willcox, leave today for their home, going by way of Monterey, San Francisco, Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver. Mrs. Hughes will join them next week in San Francisco and accompany them north as far as Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mason of South Grand avenue leave today for a trip to Yosemite. They will be absent a week or ten days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Rogers of Quincy, Ill., are visiting Mrs. Warner and daughter, Mrs. Bushnell, No. 1929 Estrella avenue.

The third meeting to complete the organization of the Young Women's Christian Association of this city occurs this morning at 10:30 at the Y. M. C. A. Hall. All women interested in this grand movement for young women are earnestly requested to be present.

Cut your flowers freely and thereby have an increased supply. One blossom allowed to wither takes more vitality from the plant than a dozen cut before bloom.—Crown Vista.

SPRING AND SUMMER
OPENING!!**GORDAN
BROTHERS**
—THE—
**LEADING
TAILORS**

118 South Spring,
LOS ANGELES, -- CAL



A complete garment worn under the concert dress shields, protecting the clothing from perspiration. Cheaper than Dress Shields, one pair doing the work of six. Misses' Bust Measures 28x33; 80c; Ladies', 34x39, \$1. Send P.O. order to Stephens & Printz, Gen. Ag'ts, 230 South Spring St.

**MEN'S
UNDERWEAR!**

We keep in stock full lines of Men's Underwear. Sizes up to 50 inches. Buying as we do, direct from the factories, we are in a position to undersell many of our competitors. We have elegant values at

50c

75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00
\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00
per garment. Also

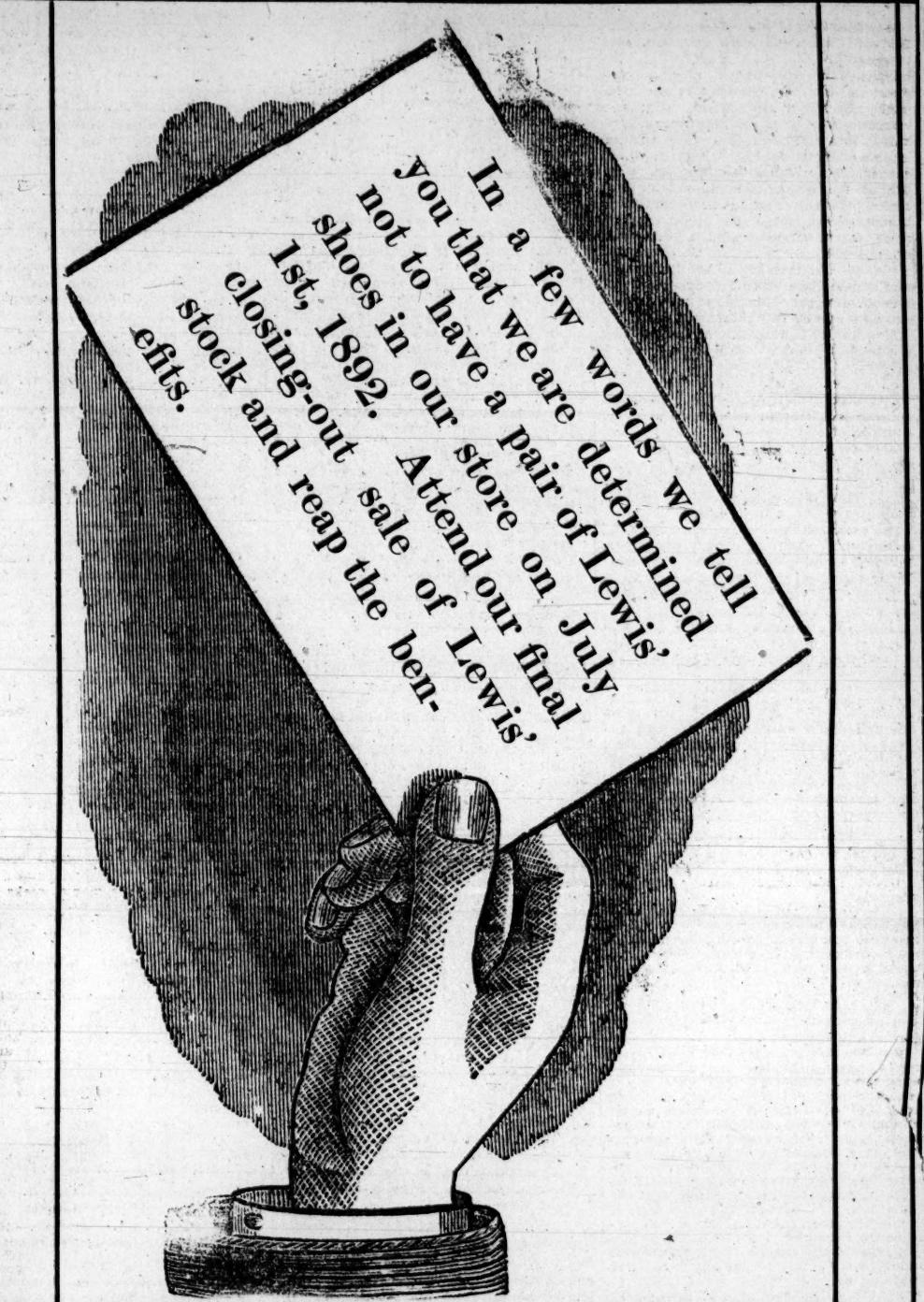
—Boys'
Underwear—
AT
Moderate Prices.

THE "BUSY BEE"
Shoe House.Final Closing-out Sale
OF
Lewis' Stock.

REMEMBER that July 1st concludes this, the greatest shoe sale in the history of Los Angeles.

WE ARE determined not to have a pair of Lewis' shoes in stock by July 1st, 1892.

Here is just a few samples of our rich bargains:



Ladies' Dongola Kid

Opera Toe button shoes that Lewis sold at \$2.50 are now selling at

\$1.50



100 dozen ladies' fine kid patent tip Oxford Ties at \$1.25 worth \$2.00, and a bargain at that. Today only,

\$1.25.

We have just a few pairs of Burt & Packard's hand-sewed \$8.00 shoes left; you can have a pair at

\$4.50.

Men's French Calf shoes that Lewis sold at \$6.00 we will sell you at

\$4.00.

Men's French Calf shoes that Lewis sold at \$5.00 we will sell you at

\$3.00.

Men's Solid Calf shoes that Lewis sold at \$4.00 we will sell you at

\$2.50.

Ladies' Edwin C. Burt's shoes that Lewis sold at \$8.00 we will sell you at

\$4.00.

Ladies' Oxford Ties that Lewis sold at \$2.00 we will sell you at

\$1.25.

Misses' Dongola Kid patent tip button shoes that Lewis sold at \$1.75 we will sell you at

95c.

Sizes 9 to 13 only.

Infant's patent tip button shoes that Lewis sold at \$1.00 we will sell you at

50c.

We like to entertain our patrons. We want you to feel at home when you visit us; not alone will we give you entertaining bargains, but every day in the week from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., Prof. Romandy, the greatest violin soloist on the Coast, will render choice programmes from the latest operas. Every one is cordially invited to listen to this grand music; we want you to come in and enjoy it; we do not urge you to buy; we will gladly show you any article you desire and be pleased to have you inspect our bargains.

O'Reilly & Thompson,
201 North Spring Street.

London Clothing Co.

Cor. Spring and Temple-sts.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.



PASADENA.

The Woman's National Indian Association.

Delegates Yesterday Organize a State Association.

Officers Elected and Constitution and By-laws Adopted.

Sale of H. N. Rust's Ethnological Collection to a Chicago Man-Funeral Services of Mrs. St. John-Personals.

[Branch office, No. 50 East Colorado street, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

A convention of the Woman's National Indian Association was held yesterday afternoon at the Baptist Church for the purpose of organizing a State association. From the seven branch associations of the great national society, which are already established at Riverside, Los Angeles, Pomona, Redlands, Pasadena, Whittier and Banning, and which were organized through the agency of Mrs. Quinton, president of the national association, whose interest and seal in this Indian mission work is well known. Delegates were expected from the different branches, but owing doubtless to the storm all the societies were not represented. Mrs. Hewitt and Mrs. Doolittle were present from Riverside, Mrs. Elderkin and Mrs. Maxfield from Los Angeles, as well as a number of visitors.

The meeting was not opened until 3 o'clock and was not as largely attended as it should have been, but was exceedingly interesting and much business of importance transacted.

After calling the meeting to order and appropriate devotional exercises, Mrs. Doolittle of Riverside was appointed chairman of the meeting, Mrs. Giddings secretary pro tem.

Mrs. Doolittle stated briefly and concisely the objects of the meetings, which were to form a State association according to a desire expressed by Mrs. Quinton.

Mrs. Maxfield, Mrs. Elderkin and Mrs. E. Townsend were appointed a committee to suggest names for officers of the new organization.

In nomination Mrs. Doolittle was nominated for president, but refused to act, being under a pressure of duties. Mrs. Hewitt of Riverside was substituted in her place, and after urging finally was persuaded to accept the nomination and was unanimously elected.

Miss Smith of Bingham of Los Angeles was proposed for secretary and the motion warmly seconded by Mrs. Elderkin. Miss Bingham was elected. Mrs. A. P. Giddings was elected treasurer and Mrs. H. E. Taylor recording secretary. Vice-presidents were appointed according to a provision of the constitution, from each branch, as follows: Mrs. Elderkin, Los Angeles; Mrs. M. M. Smith, Riverside; Mrs. Lyons, Redlands; Mrs. Cook, Whittier; Mrs. F. G. Bartlett, Tustin; Mrs. E. R. Townsend, Pasadena; Colton and Pomona not specified.

The constitution and by-laws used by the national association were regularly adopted.

Letters were then read from Miss Fleming, now at the industrial school at Perris, and later two very interesting letters were read, one from Congressman Bowers expressing his view of the best method of dealing with Indians, and another from Miss Quinton, protesting against some of Mr. Bowers' views and giving most excellent and able advice on the work undertaken by the ladies.

Some very interesting statistics were then read and Mrs. Elderkin of Los Angeles gave some information and experience in regard to her work in missions, touching upon the never tiring zeal with which the Romantics are at all times pushing forward their work in converting the Indians, and recommending a like zeal on the part of the evangelical denominations in the carrying on of their missionary labors.

The appointment of a day and place for the annual meeting was made, it being the first Wednesday in October, the meeting to be held in Pasadena.

At the conclusion of the business Mrs. Elderkin read extracts from a pamphlet written by Mrs. Gen. Brewster upon some of the most interesting expeditions made in the world, and especially among the Bianco Chico Indians. The article was replete with wit and touching anecdotes incident to a varied experience in Indian home missionary work, but was made doubly effective by incidental comments added by Mrs. Elderkin, her frankness and enthusiasm in its work inspiring many away all who listen to her on this subject.

The meeting adjourned at 5 o'clock and was most successful in its character.

N. RUST'S COLLECTION.

Hon. G. F. Logan, a prominent commission merchant of Chicago, who has been spending some weeks in Pasadena, purchased on Tuesday the entire unique and valuable ethnological collection of H. N. Rust, which contains the first specimens of ethnology ever gathered together and covers a collecting work extending over a period of thirty years. This collection has not only constantly been visited by tourists from all over the world, but has been of special interest to the scientists of Europe and America, and is now considered to be one of the most valuable collections of its kind.

This famous collection has for some time been on exhibition at the Throop University, and will be taken from there at an early date by its recent purchaser, who will show it in New York in his private collection.

It is more than probable that it will be exhibited at the World's Fair and doubtless in future generations will become the property of the great Chicago ethnological collection. Mr. Logan, who has made this purchase, is a thoroughly practical and successful business man who has taken up the study of ethnology for the love of it, and is fortunately abundantly able to gratify his tastes in this direction.

Pasadena must sincerely regret the loss of so valuable a collection, and unquestionably Mr. Rust must have felt some natural disinclination to part with what represents nearly a life work and much patient research and study.

AT REST.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. Georgiana M. St. John were held yesterday afternoon at the Carlton Hotel. Willing hands of loving friends, who were eager to pay a parting tribute to one so highly prized, had made the spacious parlors of the Carlton beautiful with floral decorations. Several artistic designs were sent by sorrowing friends, among them was a most appropriate palette of white roses, a most appropriate suggestion of Mrs. St. John's artistic life, and which was made by her friend and art sister, Mrs. Ellen B. Farr.

The brief and impressive burial service of the Episcopal Church was read by Rev. Dr. W. H. Rose, after which the remains were carried to the grave at Mountain View cemetery.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. Earley McGilvry, Richardson, Hertie, C. C. Brown and Dr. Palmer.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The City Assessors began work here yesterday.

A Raymond excursion, bound for Alaska and the Yosemite, will arrive in Los Angeles.

geles Monday next and will visit Pasadena on Wednesday.

The mountains are still snow-capped from the recent storm.

The Order of the Eastern Star will hold its regular meeting this evening.

Prof. G. M. Cote is arranging for a organ concert to be held about May 30.

Judge Rose is making a reputation on his prowess in managing bucking broncos.

The street sprinklers have been placed on the retired list, the dust being effectively laid.

The leading article of the Illustrated California for July will be devoted to Pasadena.

The Shakespeare Club will meet at the residence of Mrs. E. A. Walker, South Los Robles avenue, on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Cly Marshal Buchanan, newly uniformed in his blue suit with brass buttons, outshines even the "Dandy Copper of the Broadway Squad."

One of the Government commissary wagons arrived here today with officers' supplies—Pasadena being the residence of several army officers.

Complaints are rife in regard to the vast number of stray dogs which infest this city, barking under horses heads to an extent which makes driving unpleasant to the least.

J. C. Morrison is in town from Azusa bringing with him some fine specimens of limestone and borax. He evidently thinks he has struck it rich and a mining boom may be anticipated.

Miss Ellen Beach Yaw, who is at the head of the musical department in the Turlock university, leaves for New York on Saturday and when she returns will succeed Miss May as vocal teacher.

The Aristach Bey Council will hold a meeting on Monday evening of next week when ten new pilgrims will be admitted into this mystic order. Ten were admitted at the last regular meeting.

New has been received from Mrs. J. H. Leeds, who left Pasadena under peculiar circumstances shortly before her return from her safe arrival in New York City, from whence she intends shortly to sail for England.

The W.C.T.U. held a pleasant social at its reading room Tuesday afternoon.

Erbe & Brush's band will give a concert in the opera house tomorrow evening.

Wm. Pridham, division superintendent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, was in the city yesterday.

D. O. Adams, the incest fiend, is held to answer to the charge of attempted rape before the Superior Court.

The Bear Valley Wagon Road Company has filed with the County Supervisors its map of the proposed road to Bear Valley.

The weather remains cool and showery. An occasional glimpse of the mountains shows their peaks to be covered with snow.

David Allston departed yesterday for Chico, S. C. He expects to return next fall and bring a number of his relatives with him.

J. W. Doran has been appointed baggage master for the motor road at the Union Motor depot. Baggage is now checked directly from this depot.

The County Clerk has been authorized by the Supervisors to purchase 100 of the Ideal voting booths, manufactured by W. Ernest of Los Angeles.

The horsemen will meet at the courthouse this evening at 7 o'clock for the purpose of the reorganization of the Board of Trade.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members of the Los Angeles County Farmer's Institute by the Board of Trade during their coming meeting in Pomona, and that a committee be appointed to manage the affair.

Resolved, That this Board of Trade, deeply interested as it is in every public improvement, wishes to express very strongly its regret that, notwithstanding the prompt action of the Legislature one year ago, no active measures are being taken by the City Board of Trustees to provide an adequate sewer system for Pomona.

The following resolutions were also adopted:

Resolved, That a subscription be made to tender the members



The Clerks' Association meets tonight in Operahouse Hall. All clerks invited.

Chicken and Bavarian cream today at Exchange, No. 223 South Broadway.

There was no meeting of the Fire Commissioners yesterday afternoon. No question.

The picnic of Grace Methodist Episcopal Sunday-school to Devil's Gate will be postponed to Saturday, May 4.

Dr. H. Stinsbaugh is still confined to his house. He has not been up for some weeks, and is still very sick man.

Judge Austin of the Police Court treated his drunk cases yesterday and gave them from two to ten days chain-gang cure, a sure that the Court has much faith in.

An invitation has been received to attend the flower show of the California State Floral Society, which opens at Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, and continues four days.

There are unfulfilled telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Office for Mr. L. M. Muir Duff, P. M. Myers, W. M. Knobell, Jim Green, M. M. Levering, O. B. Curtis.

A special meeting of the trustees of the News and Working Boys' Home will be held Friday morning at 10 o'clock at No. 527 Ducommun street. Business of importance to be transacted.

United States Marshal Gare left for the North on the afternoon train yesterday in charge of George Havers, who was recently sentenced by Judge Ross to one year's imprisonment in the San Quentin penitentiary.

Councilman Rees, of the Ninth Ward, was waited upon at his residence on Boyle Heights Tuesday evening by a number of his constituents and presented with a gold-headed cane as a mark of their confidence and esteem.

William Reed, who was arrested several days ago on complaint of George R. Cooper, who claimed Reed beat him in a frightful manner, was tried before Police Justice Owens and a jury yesterday. The evidence went to show that Reed was the man beaten. The jury decided that Reed was not guilty.

A heavy real estate deal was made yesterday involving \$90,000 and consisting of 2820 acres of land known as "Salt Flats," "Rattlesnake Island" and "Inferno Bay," San Pedro Rancho. The Los Angeles Terminal Land Company purchased the property from Josefa Dominguez de Guyer et al.

G. Tonza, who was arrested the other day for knocking a few teeth down the nose of the proprietor of the Standard Hotel, was tried in Justice Austin's court yesterday and convicted. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$30. Tonza claims that the handsome proprietor of the Strasbourg is altogether too familiar with his wife.

The case of William V. Stewart vs. Ella or Emma R. Stewart, an action for divorce, was tried before Judge Smith yesterday morning and resulted in a judgment for the plaintiff. The grounds were adultery and proof was adduced through a witness named C. H. Rury, a private detective, that satisfied the Court that there was no doubt about the offence having been committed.

NEWS AND BUSINESS

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, MAY 4, 1892.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 29.98; at 5:07 p.m., 30.11. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 40° and 59°. Maximum temperature, 61°; minimum temperature, 45°. Character of weather, cloudy. Rainfall for past twenty-four hours, .24. Rainfall for past twelve hours, .04.

INDICATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—Forecast for Thursday for Southern California: Fair weather, except preceded by showers in the northwest portion; westerly winds; generally warm.

Red Rice, now 415-417 South Spring. See Campbell's great Indian collection.

For Hot Air Furnaces go to F. E. Brown. Dewey's \$5 cabinet photos reduced to \$3.50. Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica, is now open for the tourist season.

At this time of year Dr. Carter's Sarsaparilla is what you need.

Have you tried the home-made strawberry shortcake? How about Cafes Mexican, Indian and California curios? Campbell's Curio store, 325 South Spring. See the "New Jewel Grand" gasoline stove at C. T. Paul's, No. 134 South Main street.

"Jewett's" Hardwood Refrigerators, family size, \$8, at F. E. Browne's No. 314 South Spring street.

The German American Savings Bank pays 5 per cent interest on deposits, compounded quarterly.

Gas stoves with atmospheric burners. Seventy-five per cent of oil is used. A three-burner is only \$7.00. On exhibition at F. E. Browne's, 314 South Spring.

The opening of the rail line to Santa Monica last Sunday was such a success the next Sunday all the trains will run through to the canyon. Round trip is 50 cents.

Los Angeles to Long Beach and return 50 cents, and San Pedro and return 60 cents on the Los Angeles Terminal Railway, good going Saturday and Sunday and returning Saturday and Sunday.

Los Angeles' summer hotel is the Bellvue Terrace. The broad verandas and lawns that surrounds the hotel are always cool and pleasant. For amusements we have croquet, billiards, hammocks, swings, etc. Summer rates \$7 per week; \$25 per month; European plan; room \$5 to \$15 per month.

PERSONALS.

R. H. Stevens and wife of Visalia, and S. D. Gaylord and wife of Minnesota, are in the city.

J. C. Reber and wife and Miss M. Reber of Dayton, O., have returned from a visit to Coronado.

A. H. Ritz and wife of San Diego, and J. W. Hagan and wife of New York, are among recent arrivals in the city.

Pegging Down Roses.

[American Gardening.] An admirable way to grow hybrid perpetual roses is by the pegging-down method. This consists of bending and fastening down the shoots to the earth, so that the surface of the bed will be nearly hidden with the foliage, above which the new growth and flowers are to appear. The young shoots of one season are pegged-down the autumn following, at which time enough of the old parts are pruned away to give the former place on the surface. The rule is to have no branches laid nearer to others than nine inches. Some make a mistake in pegging-down the new growth during the growing season—leave it to grow as it will. When old wood is left at the autumn or spring laying-down time, because there are no new shoots to take its place, such wood should have the young branches cut back to spurs of one or two eyes each. The bed should annually, or at farthest, every second year, receive in full a liberal dressing of rotten manure over the surface.

Dr. McSwegan, who visited the world's hospitals for three years, has resumed practice at 216 South Spring street.

CALL at C. Ducommun's, 302 North Main street, for fine ladies' shears, scissors and pocket cutlery imported direct from Europe.

THE DEMOCRATS.

Preparing for the County Convention—Candidates for Delegates.

The contest that has just been fought to a finish at Stockton will soon have its counterpart at Fresno, where "our friends the enemy" will do battle to hold down chairs at the big Democratic powwow at Chicago next summer.

It has been extremely calm in this section regarding the question, but things are now warming up, and the fur is flying quite lively—the air a little later on will like there was being a shower of jack-rabbits.

Hon. Stephen M. White will go as a delegate-at-large without opposition, but when it comes down to the question of representatives from this district all is not serene. One of the pronounced candidates for preferment is Col. J. D. Lynch of the Herald, and while his party would, no doubt, be glad to honor him, the fear that his pronounced advocacy of the acute Ben Hill of New York has been injurious, appears to be militating against him, consequently the young statesman and George S. Patton, is being pushed into the fight by an army of friends and may be expected to make a great showing when the county convention gets to work. Mr. Patton is for Cleveland, or any other Democrat, his friends say, and is still very sick man.

Justice Austin of the Police Court treated his drunk cases yesterday and gave them from two to ten days chain-gang cure, a sure that the Court has much faith in. An invitation has been received to attend the flower show of the California State Floral Society, which opens at Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, and continues four days.

There are unfulfilled telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Office for Mr. L. M. Muir Duff, P. M. Myers, W. M. Knobell, Jim Green, M. M. Levering, O. B. Curtis.

A special meeting of the trustees of the News and Working Boys' Home will be held Friday morning at 10 o'clock at No. 527 Ducommun street. Business of importance to be transacted.

United States Marshal Gare left for the North on the afternoon train yesterday in charge of George Havers, who was recently sentenced by Judge Ross to one year's imprisonment in the San Quentin penitentiary.

Councilman Rees, of the Ninth Ward, was waited upon at his residence on Boyle Heights Tuesday evening by a number of his constituents and presented with a gold-headed cane as a mark of their confidence and esteem.

William Reed, who was arrested several days ago on complaint of George R. Cooper, who claimed Reed beat him in a frightful manner, was tried before Police Justice Owens and a jury yesterday. The evidence went to show that Reed was the man beaten. The jury decided that Reed was not guilty.

A heavy real estate deal was made yesterday involving \$90,000 and consisting of 2820 acres of land known as "Salt Flats," "Rattlesnake Island" and "Inferno Bay," San Pedro Rancho. The Los Angeles Terminal Land Company purchased the property from Josefa Dominguez de Guyer et al.

G. Tonza, who was arrested the other day for knocking a few teeth down the nose of the proprietor of the Standard Hotel, was tried in Justice Austin's court yesterday and convicted. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$30. Tonza claims that the handsome proprietor of the Strasbourg is altogether too familiar with his wife.

The case of William V. Stewart vs. Ella or Emma R. Stewart, an action for divorce, was tried before Judge Smith yesterday morning and resulted in a judgment for the plaintiff. The grounds were adultery and proof was adduced through a witness named C. H. Rury, a private detective, that satisfied the Court that there was no doubt about the offence having been committed.

NEWS AND BUSINESS

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, MAY 4, 1892.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 29.98; at 5:07 p.m., 30.11. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 40° and 59°. Maximum temperature, 61°; minimum temperature, 45°. Character of weather, cloudy. Rainfall for past twenty-four hours, .24. Rainfall for past twelve hours, .04.

INDICATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—Forecast for Thursday for Southern California: Fair weather, except preceded by showers in the northwest portion; westerly winds; generally warm.

Red Rice, now 415-417 South Spring. See Campbell's great Indian collection.

For Hot Air Furnaces go to F. E. Brown. Dewey's \$5 cabinet photos reduced to \$3.50. Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica, is now open for the tourist season.

At this time of year Dr. Carter's Sarsaparilla is what you need.

Have you tried the home-made strawberry shortcake? How about Cafes Mexican, Indian and California curios? Campbell's Curio store, 325 South Spring. See the "New Jewel Grand" gasoline stove at C. T. Paul's, No. 134 South Main street.

"Jewett's" Hardwood Refrigerators, family size, \$8, at F. E. Browne's No. 314 South Spring street.

The German American Savings Bank pays 5 per cent interest on deposits, compounded quarterly.

Gas stoves with atmospheric burners. Seventy-five per cent of oil is used. A three-burner is only \$7.00. On exhibition at F. E. Browne's, 314 South Spring.

The opening of the rail line to Santa Monica last Sunday was such a success the next Sunday all the trains will run through to the canyon. Round trip is 50 cents.

Los Angeles to Long Beach and return 50 cents, and San Pedro and return 60 cents on the Los Angeles Terminal Railway, good going Saturday and Sunday and returning Saturday and Sunday.

Los Angeles' summer hotel is the Bellvue Terrace. The broad verandas and lawns that surrounds the hotel are always cool and pleasant. For amusements we have croquet, billiards, hammocks, swings, etc. Summer rates \$7 per week; \$25 per month; European plan; room \$5 to \$15 per month.

PERSONALS.

R. H. Stevens and wife of Visalia, and S. D. Gaylord and wife of Minnesota, are in the city.

J. C. Reber and wife and Miss M. Reber of Dayton, O., have returned from a visit to Coronado.

A. H. Ritz and wife of San Diego, and J. W. Hagan and wife of New York, are among recent arrivals in the city.

Pegging Down Roses.

[American Gardening.]

An admirable way to grow hybrid perpetual roses is by the pegging-down method. This consists of bending and fastening down the shoots to the earth, so that the surface of the bed will be nearly hidden with the foliage, above which the new growth and flowers are to appear. The young shoots of one season are pegged-down the autumn following, at which time enough of the old parts are pruned away to give the former place on the surface. The rule is to have no branches laid nearer to others than nine inches. Some make a mistake in pegging-down the new growth during the growing season—leave it to grow as it will. When old wood is left at the autumn or spring laying-down time, because there are no new shoots to take its place, such wood should have the young branches cut back to spurs of one or two eyes each. The bed should annually, or at farthest, every second year, receive in full a liberal dressing of rotten manure over the surface.

Dr. McSwegan, who visited the world's hospitals for three years, has resumed practice at 216 South Spring street.

CALL at C. Ducommun's, 302 North Main street, for fine ladies' shears, scissors and pocket cutlery imported direct from Europe.

"Royal" the Giant of Leavening Agents

San Francisco, Oct. 19, 1889.

From actual analysis made by me, I pronounce the Royal Baking Powder to be the Strongest and Purest Baking Powder before the public.

It is entirely free from alum and other additions injurious to health.

W. T. Keiselle

Prof. Chemistry College of Pharmacy Dept., University of California.

People's Store!

May 5, 1892.

We have earned some reputation in this community as being progressive and successful merchants. Our branch house, the Maze, in San Francisco, is an evidence of our ability. In ten months we have turned over stock five times. We are doing business there on half the amount of capital invested in Los Angeles and find it the hardest work possible to turn our stock here half as many times in a whole year. "Figures" won't lie, and a good, sound, progressive business policy tells the amount of business we transact should be done on one-half the amount of stock carried by us. We have been aware of this fact for the past two years, but have been endeavoring to increase our business to justify the amount of stock carried, but the volume of trade is not in Southern California, and we have determined from now on to reduce our stock fully one-third in every department, and as heretofore, whenever we have undertaken a business project it is as good as accomplished. You will assist us in this departure, for it is your gain and our loss. We do not intend to herald in flaming notices and large type the overwhelming reduction which we propose to make, but on inquiry at each department you will find the stock reduced to meet your wants.

SHOES.

\$2.00

Ladies' Générine French Kid Toe Slippers—sold heretofore with us at \$3.50—closing out this line.

\$1.50

Ladies' Oxford in Plain and patent leather tips, all widths the shoe cost us \$2.00. We are closing them out.

\$2.00

A line of very serviceable Men's Bals, which we have reduced from \$9.00.

\$2.50

Lilly, Bracket & Co.'s Men's Button Shoes made of French calf—they cost us \$3.00 per pair. We intended to use them as an eye-opener when we started our store in San Francisco.

\$3.00

Men's French Calf Shoes. The best shoe at the price built in the United States. Made by Lilly, Bracket & Co.

\$4.00

Hanan & Sons' finest French Calf Button Shoes. Each pair cost us \$4.50 at the factory. No better shoe made at any price.

\$5.00

We are the sole agents for the celebrated Hanan & Sons' make of Men's Shoes. One firm alone in this State placed a single order for \$40,000 worth of these shoes, and they get \$6.00 for them. We sell them at \$5.00 and \$10.00 for those that we sell for \$7. From start to end they're the best men's shoe that's made, and once you wear them you will never be without.

House Furnishings.

Listen, and you will hear something drop in the October Department! It is a fine crockery that is smashed, but the prices.

We have just opened eight crates of the best English dinner ware, decorated in the various designs, and will sell them to you at our reduced prices.

Two crates of Japanese Mash Bowls, hand-made, decorated at 5¢ apiece. A new case of Chinese Apartment Ware is opened. A thousand different varieties of Baskets. We have on sale today a very handsome brass or nickel Lamp at \$2.50 that is worth \$3.50. Some surprising values in Glassware, cut to reduce our stock. Drop in this department. It is in our north annex. It contains thousands of different items to use in and about the house, and every one takes a saving to you.

A WOMAN EXPLORER.

An Interview With Mrs. French Sheldon,

Who Visited Unexplored Parts of the Dark Continent.

How She Dressed at the Receptions Given to Native Chiefs.

Method of Traveling—A Perilous Adventure on the Banks of an Unknown Lake—Strange Customs of the People.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

The impression which those who meet Mrs. French-Sheldon for the first time receive is one of surprise, and that is particularly true when presentation takes place in her private parlors, where she is able to throw aside the restraint and dignity necessary to be assumed upon the lecture platform. If the impression were put into spoken words, people would say to her: "What, are you actually Mrs. French-Sheldon, the identical woman who organized an expedition and took it into Eastern Africa as far away from the coast as Chicago is from New York?" She is as slight of figure, so gentle and unassuming in manner, so feminine in her ways and so utterly without affectation that it seems as though the story of her exploits must have been really a fiction, just such a romance as she has herself written when she was known as a writer of novels and as the translator of Flaubert's masterpiece, "Salammbo."

After conversation with her, when she has started to tell, perhaps in a fragmentary and incidental way, the story of that astonishing expedition, then it is easy to see that she is just the woman who would have determined to go into Africa, would have overcome all the obstacles, would have made the journey and returned to the coast and taken the identical steamer upon which months before she had engaged passage for her return to civilization. Any interview with her which attempted to set forth in consecutive detail the story of her trip would be formal and would lose the piquancy with which she speaks of incidents as they occur to her hap-hazard, so to speak. During a chat with her the first impressions are of the woman. Her personality asserts itself so speedily, and her enthusiasm is so impressively demonstrative that those with whom she converses are compelled to take first of her, afterward of her achievement. It is very natural therefore that the first question the writer put Mrs. Sheldon after formalities of greeting were over was, "Mrs. Sheldon, what induced you to plan this expedition, what first suggested the idea of going into Africa—in other words, why did you do it?" She smiled for a moment as though amused at the question, seeming to think that the importance of the work if there was any was in what she had accomplished and not why it had occurred to her to attempt it. She stood up before her desk, her enthusiasm plainly making it impossible for her to chat while seated, and in most unconventional and simple manner she said: "Why, it doesn't seem to me that there was anything wonderful in conceiving the idea of going into that mysterious, strange country. I had been impressed with the romance and the peculiar fascination for the people of Africa when I was at work translating 'Salammbo.' Afterward, when the plan of a work of my own began to be formed in my mind, a romance or story, or whatever it might be, in which I wanted to depict life as it existed among natural people, and not as it is tainted and circumscribed and made formal by the hollow shams of civilization, it occurred to me that I should see with my own eyes and study in their presence such people of whom only a comparatively few are now to be found on the face of the earth. It was then that the idea occurred to me of making this journey, and the more I thought about it the more completely was I carried away by the purpose."

Here she paused a moment, tossed her head gently after the manner of a child who is innocently coquettish, and with a quaint smile she added, "And I did it."

"But," said I, "did not your friends oppose it?"

"Why, of course they did. They thought I was insane; I knew better. They told me it would be impossible; I knew it would not. They said I could not even get porters for an expedition into a district where those dreadful warriors the Massai prevailed. I believed I could. All they said had no effect upon me whatever."

"But your husband," I ventured to say, feeling, perhaps, that such a suggestion would be almost impertinence. "Oh, Mr. Sheldon," she replied, and it would have done her husband good to have seen her as she said it. "Ah, he knew what my plans were, for I had told him every detail. He knew that my purpose was fixed. He dreaded to have me go, but he said that it would kill me if I was disappointed, and he gave me every encouragement and aid."

Just here, as though some reminiscence was stirred by something that was said, Mrs. Sheldon called to her secretary and asked him to bring the dress in which she appeared before the sultan and the chiefs of the tribes which she visited. There was a rustling of silk in the next room, and a moment later a young man came bearing in his arms a superb garment. The skirt was of white corded silk, overlaid with silver lace. The corsage was very heavy, being also elaborately trimmed and decorated with silver, and the cap or helmet was, of itself, a work of brilliancy and art. How Mrs. Sheldon ever endured such a garment in a country where the heat of the tropics always prevails was a mystery and she only explained it by saying that she had to. She must have been a gorgeous and impressive person as she appeared before the chiefs and sultans in this dress. Of course it would be an impossible costume to wear in any civilized country, although beautiful to look at. But it had precisely the effect she intended of impressing the big men of the tribe with her majesty and power. It also inspired great curiosity and the people approached it with a sense of awe, and begged to touch it if they might be permitted to do it, as though their sense of wonder and admiration would be increased were they allowed ever so gently to put their finger upon it.

The secretary carefully folded it up and carried it away as though it was perhaps the choicest relic, as in some respects it was the most important of her expedition.

Littered about the parlor were many photographs, and one representing a dozen majestic specimens of negro physical strength caught my eye for an instant, and Mrs. Sheldon evidently seeing that I was interested took up the photograph and said: "These were some of my porters, and did you ever see finer specimens of physical manhood than they are? And the devotion

of these men after they came to know me and respect my authority was something touching. I had a flag upon which was the motto 'Never conquer.' It was absolutely necessary to impress these people with the idea that I was not to be touched, that they must not lay a finger upon me. This was necessary not only for my personal protection but also to inspire them with the idea of superior presence, so to speak, for that would enable me to maintain absolute command over them by reason of fear and respect. The meaning of the motto: 'Never conquer' was conveyed to them through interpreters when we started upon the expedition, and there was not a moment from the time we left the hotel till we returned that they did not obey that command. I want to say that I was subjected to the annoyance of discomfiture, and that is something which I have had to submit to since I have been in New York, for only the other night an insolent brute seized me by the arm as I was passing from my hotel to my carriage."

I asked Mrs. Sheldon where she found these porters, and she said that she was not able to obtain them until she arrived at Zanzibar. There she was received by the Sultan and that paltry chief must have been mightily impressed by her presence and her pleading, for through his side she obtained 132 great strapping muscular Africans, and with them she started upon her expedition.

To illustrate the watchfulness of these men Mrs. Sheldon went to her cabinet and took from it a photograph of four Africans and she said: "The watchfulness and marvellous quickness of these men unquestionably prevented me one night from being crushed to death by a Python. I was asleep in my palanquin. Not exactly sleeping but drowsy, for I do not suppose I slept soundly for more than two hours at a time during the entire expedition. I felt something cold, slimy, abhorrible." Here Mrs. Sheldon shuddered and closed her eyes as though the recollection of that experience gave her an awful sense of her nearness to a horrible death. "I realized that in some way a python had got through the guard and gotten upon my palanquin. I had strength enough to give a signal, the one which summoned my guard to my assistance. In an instant the men were there, and I heard a horrible sound of cutting and slashing, the men shouting and chattering as though they were themselves in terror. In five minutes all was quiet and in that time these men had literally cut that python into inch pieces. There is nothing they dread so much, nothing which they wish so completely to destroy."

Of course this anecdote suggested possible experiences with other wild beasts and serpents, and I asked Mrs. Sheldon if she had any. She said she only saw three or four poisonous reptiles, and was not afraid of them. They had a slight adventure with three lions, and they saw some elephants, but as she had not taken the expedition as a mere hunting adventure and did not look for wild beasts they seldom encountered them. In the night time they used to hear the cries of the beasts.

An expression of sadness came to Mrs. Sheldon's face just then, and she said: "I do not like to think about the beasts, for we did have one horrible adventure. One of my most faithful body servants, a splendid fellow, wandered from the camp one night and very foolishly. The first we knew that he was away was when we heard the most appalling shrieks, and then we knew that the poor fellow had fallen a prey to the hyenas or jackals. His shrieks ring in my ears now. They gradually grew fainter and fainter, although the other men were hurrying with torches lighted to the rescue. All that they found of him was a few mangled remains. The hyenas had actually devoured him alive."

I asked Mrs. Sheldon about the manner of her marching. She said that they averaged twenty-five or thirty miles a day, encamping at night whenever a convenient place was found, and sometimes marching all night. At the various settlements which she reached she found the chiefs courteous and cordial. Some of them would not have permitted a white man to enter their village, for they had grown distrustful of some of the explorers and hunters, but the story of the coming of one whom they called Bebe-bwana reached these chiefs, and they regarded her as something of a supernatural being. Bebe means woman, or is more equivalent to the word lady, that is, a woman of high caste, much power and influence. Bwana means master, and plenty of bwanas or white masters, were been in that country, most of whom did not leave very good reputations. Some were licentious, some cruel, some deceitful, so that prejudice had arisen against them. But now there was coming a bebe-bwana, a woman master, who was said to be powerful, truthful and kind, and the chiefs were anxious to see such a person, to exchange compliments with her, and presents. With the exception of one village, which lies right in the track of the caravans and where European vice has been introduced, Mrs. Sheldon found all these people decorous, modest, gentle, but perfect naturals, meaning by that, that they were without the slightest suggestion of the mannerisms or developments which accompany civilization.

"Why," said Mrs. Sheldon, speaking with great dignity and modesty of manner herself, "many of these villages the people were not a shred of clothing, and yet their manner was such, their perfect unconsciousness so great, that it was impossible to take offense, for they had none among themselves. I made some inquiries and found that their code of morals was perfect, and that licentiousness as we know it does not exist. To be sure some of them practice polygamy, but the husbands and their wives live according to their code in a perfectly pure state of domestic happiness. One of the most impressive lessons I think I received in that country is that of the purity of the morals of these uncontaminated people, and I wonder if it is true that those whom I call the naturals are, after all, the only virtuous people, taking them right through and through that are to be found."

Something has been said of Mrs. Sheldon's adventure at Lake Chala. It was one of the perils and achievements of her expedition to which the English press first alluded after she had returned to Great Britain. I asked her if it was true that her descent to the edge of the lake was an unprecedented exploit. She said it was.

"Nothing more wonderful, excepting, perhaps, the phosphorescent mists, did I see during the expedition than this awful and mysterious lake sunk far down beneath the level of the cliffs. The tribes which live in the vicinity regard the lake with superstition. It is not exactly an idea corresponding with the civilized one of the lake of pell-mell, but is something equivalent to that. They told me that it was impossible to descend to it; that no white person had ever gone down those awful cliffs. Upon one side the cliffs rise 800 or 400 feet and upon the other side the brow of the mountain is many feet above the level of the water. I was determined, however, to go down; but it was an awful descent

Swinging there midway between heaven and earth, I realized my peril and wondered whether I should ever get back to my expedition. I reached the lake in safety, however, and I suspect that this achievement reached the ears of the Rombo who made the report of being very savage, and disposed to slay any person who attempted to enter their country. I sent messengers to their town to see if I would be permitted to enter, and the chief sent thirteen of his men to receive me. These natives interested me greatly, and I was satisfied that I found there evidences of their connection with, or descent from, the Egyptians. However, I do not care to speak of that now, as I desire to study the matter more closely, and shall go at length into the subject in my book.

The Rombos were as courteous and gentle as I could well desire. True, they were clothed in nothing but the skin in which they were born, and yet their manner to one another was deferential and courteous, and had I been queen of the tribe I could not have received greater consideration. I spent one night in one of their huts, sleeping soundly and sweetly as long, or longer, than I had slept at any other time during the expedition."

I asked her if the Rombos were not neighbors of the warrior Massais, and Mrs. Sheldon replied that that fierce tribe lived beyond the mountains to the northwest. She was taken by some of the Rombos to a lofty mountain where she overlooked the Massai country, and she saw there over 100 of these warriors in the far distance with their spears and battle array.

In this country Mrs. Sheldon met a Sultan who was so greatly impressed with her courtesy and kindness, and perhaps with her presence, that he told the interpreter that he desired to reveal to her a secret, and I will try to describe the anecdote exactly as Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, 'Now Bebe-bwana knows that my tribe comes from the far past.' He meant to say, 'Mrs. Sheldon told it. She took one of the massive spears which were given to her by a great warrior, the blade of which reached far above her head, and leaning upon it as she would upon an Alpine staff, she spoke in a low and dramatic tone of this incident.'

"The chief," said she, "a noble-looking man of great dignity, came to me and said that he had something which he wished to show to Bebe-bwana. He said that no one excepting members of his own family had ever seen it. It was a great secret because it told the history of his tribe. Taking me to a spot a little out of the village the chief explored a secret cavity and at last drew from it a particular kind of warrior's weapon which had evidently served as a badge of authority, as the scepter is supposed to symbolize the power of kings. And as he handed it to me and bade me touch it he said, 'This was handed down to me by my father who was the sultan or chief before me. He received it from his father and he in turn from his, and so far back many years more than any one can count has it come down from father to son,' and then looking up to me with great solemnity of manner, he said, '

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Meeting of the Southern California Association.

Pertinent Suggestions Submitted by State Commissioner L. J. Rose.

A Letter from Chief Samuels as to Outdoor Space.

California is Promised the Consideration Her Enterprise Deserves—A Classified Exhibit of the Six Counties Proposed.

The regular meeting of the Southern California World's Fair Association was held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles yesterday at 10 a.m.

The members present were Thomas R. Bard, Hueneme; R. H. Young, J. P. Jones, San Diego; W. C. Kimball, National City; G. H. Crafts, Redlands; A. C. Fish, Riverside; J. F. McIntyre, Fillmore; Ed Dunham, La Cañada; C. A. Coffman, Riveria; C. M. Mills, E. F. C. Klokke, L. E. Mosher, Charles Forster, Frank Wiggins, Los Angeles.

Thomas R. Bard occupied the chair. Frank Wiggins acted as secretary.

Hon. L. J. Rose being present the order of business was suspended in order to allow him to address the association on the necessity of active work being kept up in the preparation of Southern California's World's Fair exhibit, as the northern part of the State is fully convinced that this association is doing active and effectual work and is making extra exertions to, in a measure, outdo us. This being a golden opportunity for Southern California to advertise her resources, it is necessary that every one connected with the association should see that his particular district carries out the work in detail. He spoke in favor of Southern California making a classified exhibit of the six counties within the State building as the ruling of the commission permitted.

The question was asked the Senator whether in making this classified exhibit the county or exhibitor would lose their identity. He saw no reason why they should, as each locality and individual would be properly credited with the exhibit they made. He presented a letter from Chief Samuels in which it was stated that the five acres on the wooded island had been planted in flowering plants and ornamental evergreens and could not be used by California. One acre is the most that can be used in one body and that is situated one and one-half miles from the lake. The advantage of this location is that it will be less subject to the cold winds from off the water. It is adjacent to the carriage entrance to the grounds and elevated railway station, making upon the whole a very desirable locality. Other areas can be assigned California for special exhibits around the department buildings if the board desire. Chief Samuels in the same letter stated that he was anxious to extend every possible facility to California that the enterprise of the State justified him in doing, but that he had never been able to evolve any plan by which he could put a bushel of corn into a half-peck measure and he hoped that the commission would appreciate his efforts in behalf of the State.

After answering a few minor questions the Senator assured the association that he would secure for it one-half of all outdoor space that was assigned to California. He retired with the remark that "he was glad to see such a lively interest manifested in the World's Fair work in this district."

The association then proceeded to regular business. Mr. Wells then arose and asked permission to offer the following resolution, though not in order. The same was granted:

Resolved, as the sense of the Southern California World's Fair Association, that the association, in its capacity, should, with the other counties of the State, make a classified State exhibit within the State building, and should also prepare for making a classified and collective exhibit as Southern California within the State building in which exhibit the products of the counties of the State should be shown as a unit, but in such manner that each county shall preserve its identity in each class, and shall receive full credit for all exhibits furnished to the general exhibit.

This resolution was unanimously adopted.

The secretary then read a communication from Ventura county wherein it was stated that J. F. McIntyre of Fillmore was elected by the Board of Supervisors to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Blanchard. Upon motion Mr. McIntyre was duly received as a member of the association.

The association then adjourned until 1:30 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Upon reconvening, it was moved and carried that the Southern California World's Fair Executive Committee be empowered to employ a superintendent or manager to look after the preparation of the exhibits from the six counties comprising this association and be paid for his services by the association, provided the State failed to appoint a manager for the same purpose.

Considerable discussion was entered into relative to application for space in the department buildings. It was decided, however, that as the space in these buildings could only be determined by the application of individual exhibitors the association was in no position to make application as a whole and it was the expression of the members that the individual exhibitors should make application direct to the department. The association, however, was to see that proper exhibits were made in the department building if the exhibitors failed to make application.

The association then adjourned, to meet August 8, at 10:30 a.m.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING.

The meeting of the Executive Committee was then called to order by Mr. Kimball. All the members were present except three. The minutes were adopted as read by the association in the morning session.

The reports of the standing committees were favorable and showed that active work was being done.

The Citrus Tree Committee reported the number of trees required to fill the allotted space in Horticultural court and grounds, 283, of which there were about 180 collected, with three counts to hear from.

The Committee on Dried and Canned Fruits reported for adoption for displaying this class of goods of the following styles: Globe, sample bottles, Egyptian, sectional and inverted bottles.

Upon motion a special committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Young, Bard and Crafts, to make an order for the different styles above mentioned and solicit bids for the same and make a contract for the immediate delivery of what they thought the association would need for the different counties. This was understood to be independent of the styles adopted by the canneries that intend making a display.

A special committee was also ap-

pointed, consisting of L. E. Mosher, G. H. Crafts, E. F. C. Klokke, J. F. McIntyre and W. C. Kimball, to formulate plans for preparing a certificate to be issued to honorary members of the association and report at the next meeting. The committee then adjourned to meet June 1, at 2 p.m.

WONG CHEE DISCHARGED.

The Charge of Murder a Third Time Dismissed.

Police Justice Austin decided the Wong Chee murder case in favor of the defendant and ordered Chee released from custody yesterday morning.

In summing up the case the Court stated that he is confident that a great injustice has been done the Chinaman. Chee has a number of enemies in Chinatown and they have been trying for a number of years, to get him out of the way. Once before a job was put up on him and he was given a life sentence in State's prison for murder. He served four years, when it was learned that he was perfectly innocent of the murder and knew nothing about it. He was at once pardoned out, and the prison directors stated that they were positive he was not implicated in the murder in any way whatever.

In this case he has been arraigned and examined three times, but his enemies are not through with him and declare that they will get him yet.

New Incorporations.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk yesterday by the Almond Company, formed for the purpose of purchasing, improving and selling real estate, storing water, planting orchards, etc., with a capital stock of \$35,000, of which \$10,000 has been actually subscribed. Its place of business is at Pasadena and its board of directors consist of Edward G. Durant, Robert D. Durant, C. H. Durant of Pasadena, Edward M. Durant of Fairmont and L. S. Porter of Lamanda Park.

The First Methodist Episcopal Church of Redondo Beach also filed articles yesterday, its board of trustees consisting of W. R. Steele, J. A. Jaynes, P. H. Clark, J. A. May and Peter Brown.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

We don't offer any baits to trap the unwary, but do a legitimate business and do exactly as we advertise—lowest prices for new goods and latest styles. New York Wall Paper Company, 308 South Spring Street.

Dr. Urmy, dentist, removed to 124½ S. Spring st. Prices reduced. All operations painless.

EVERYBODY likes Dr. Urmy's sarsapilla. None better. 50 cents and \$1.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

We have no old stock; the best quality and latest styles at the New York Wall Paper Company, 308 South Spring street.

EUCALEPTA EXTRACT for cartarhinal affections, hemorrhages, inflammations, wounds, piles: active and effective.

Try Cassard's famous hams, bacon and lard at H. Jeune's, 136 and 138 North Spring street.

Dr. Urmy, dentist, removed to 124½ S. Spring st. Prices reduced. All operations painless.

EVERYBODY likes Dr. Urmy's sarsapilla. None better. 50 cents and \$1.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

We have no old stock; the best quality and latest styles at the New York Wall Paper Company, 308 South Spring street.

NEW goods and lowest prices. New York Wall Paper Company, 308 South Spring street.

All: Men

SUFFERING FROM

Nervous Debility

Lost or Failing Manhood!

Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Mental Worry, Personal Weakness, Loss of Memory, Despondency, and all other Diseases of Mind and Body, produced by youthful folly and over indulgence, quickly and permanently cured

—BY—

DR. STEINHART'S

ESSENCE OF LIFE!

THE GREAT VITALIZER!

PRICE, \$2.00 per Bottle or 5 bottles for \$10; or 10 bottles, \$20. Send for sample. Call or write to DR. STEINHART, Moonlight, 143½ South Spring street, opposite Allen's Furniture Store, Los Angeles, Cal.

SPECIAL and infallible specific also prepared for children, infants, Syphilitic and Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

All communications strictly confidential and private. Office hours: From 9 to 4 p.m.; Sundays from 10 to 12.

Gentlemen

If you would

Dress in the

Height of

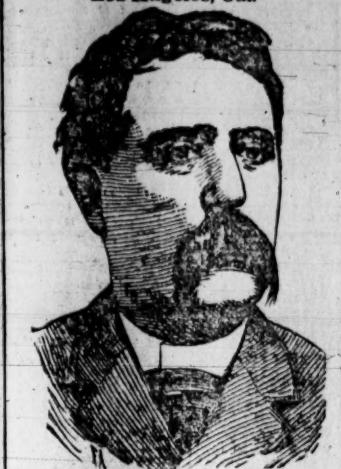
FASHION,

Call on

M. D. Godfrey, The Tailor



DR. L. B. TYSON'S
Sanitarium Company,
Los Angeles, Cal.



BETTER THAN GOLD!

We Cure the Liquor Habit in Its Worst Form in Twenty-one Days.

We use the Tyson Vegetable Treatment that is perfectly harmless. We will treat you in the privacy of your home. We restore you morally, mentally and physically. We remove all desire for intoxicants of all kinds. We never fail in any case and never give up. We guarantee a permanent cure. We cure those who have taken the gold treatment and relapsed. We guarantee a cure of all addictions to money. No hypodermic injections needed. If you desire particulars call on or address

Tyson's Sanitarium Company
No. 243 S. Spring-st.,
Los Angeles, : : : : : Cal.

Why Suffer When Relief is Sure?

MEMORIAL PILE SALVE IS
THE LATEST.

A noble remedy for the positive cure of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, and protruding piles. This salve has been in use both in the East and West for years and all that have given it a trial speak loud in its praises. The acute pain ceases immediately on its application, and a cure is permanent. This valuable salve is the product of long years of continued experiments by a well-known Pacific Coast Pharmacist, and its use has given the best possible results. For sale by druggists in large metal capped glass jars, price \$1.00.

Suppositories of the same composition sent by mail, on application, at the above price.

CALIFORNIA & CHICAGO DRUG CO.,
San Francisco. Chicago.

F. W. Braun & Co., Agents.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—or—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa,

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and easily digested.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

MIRRORS

Or all Styles, Sizes and Prices.

PICTURES

Framed and in the Sheet, embracing Etchings, Engravings, Fac-similes and Water colors.

Sketching Outfits

For Artist and Amateur. New articles for painting.

Sanborn, Vail & Co.,
133 S. Spring, Los Angeles.

PORTLAND. SAN FRANCISCO

RAMONA!

The Gem of the San Gabriel Valley.

ONLY Three Miles from City Limits of Los Angeles.

PROPERTY of San Gabriel Wine Co., Original Owners

LOCATED at Shore's Station, on line of S. P. R. R. and San Gabriel Rapid Transit Railroad.

From 10 to 15 minutes to the Plaza, Los Angeles city.

CHEAPEST Suburban Town Lots, Villa Sites or Acres Properly.

POPULAR Terms. Purest Spring Water.

INEXHAUSTIBLE Quantities Guaranteed.

Apply at office of SAN GABRIEL WINE CO., Ramona, Los Angeles Co., Cal., Or to M. D. WILLIAMS, Ramona.

We have resolved to give the public the benefit of the following low prices until further notice:

1890. Teeth extracted without pain, \$25.00 on contract. Sets of teeth, \$5 and up; crowns, \$1 and up; bridge work, \$10 and up; gold fillings, \$15 and up; gold alloy, \$10 and up; silver, 75¢ and up; cement, 50¢ and up; cleaning teeth, 50¢ and up.

1891. Teeth extracted without pain by use of gas, local application, \$25.00 on contract. Sets of teeth, \$5 and up; crowns, \$1 and up; bridge work, \$10 and up; gold fillings, \$15 and up; gold alloy, \$10 and up; silver, 75¢ and up; cement, 50¢ and up; cleaning teeth, 50¢ and up.

Bridge Work a Specialty.

Gold and porcelain crowns, \$5.

Set of teeth, upper or lower, \$7.

Teeth filled with gold, \$1 and up.

Teeth extracted with silver, \$1.

Teeth extracted without pain by use of gas, \$25.00 on contract.

All Work Warranted.

DR. C. H. PARKER,

COR. BROADWAY AND THIRDS.

(Entrance on Broadway.)

B. A. BREAKLEY,

—DEALER IN—

Fine Builders' Hardware.

Agent for Pennsylvania Lawn Mowers.

Removed to 113 South Main Street, Los Angeles, California.

I. T. MARTIN

Dealer in

New & Second-hand

FURNITURE,

BUSINESS.**FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.**

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
LOS ANGELES, MAY 4, 1892.

A letter of recent date from a firm in London has the following "pointer" on the English market for California dried fruits:

"In view of the special interest which we take in all matters concerning the California fruit business, we have very much pleasure in giving a résumé for the benefit of your readers who are concerned of the present outlook and prospects of the English market for dried fruit, as we consider it a matter of considerable utility and advisability that fruit-growers and shippers should be kept fully advised of the course of this market in order to guide them in their operations, and we intend henceforward to regularly circulate our pointers with this object. The season, so far as this market is concerned, is now completely at an end, and sales are somewhat difficult to effect. Stocks are, of course, comparatively low, and prices have considerably reduced during the last month, holding being anxious to meet the views of buyers in order to reduce stocks as much as possible. Evaporated apples, whole or in rings, we estimate the stock at about 4,200 cases. As your readers are no doubt aware, a very large business has been done during the season, and the think the article is certain to bring a very fair return on its investment, of course very late, and prices are in consequence low. We quote present values as follows: Common, 24@25s; prime, 26@28s; choice, 29@31s; fancy, 35@38s. Apricots—Stock estimated at about 1,800 boxes, and values, 40@45s. This is an article which appears likely to demand a greater price than the others obtained ready demand than most other kinds, and we anticipate a large business next season. Pears are now worth about 55s. There is very little in the market, some 500 boxes, and the demand is very fair. We think this article is likely to command more inquiry for and to bring a fair trade in the next season. Nectarines, of which the present stock is some 600 boxes, are in very small demand, and it is not a fruit which appears likely to succeed. Peaches are quite neglected and, judging from the present outlook, of no use. We do not recommend this article as an investment. Silver-prunes, unpeeled, have been in good demand, and a fair quantity has been sold during the season from 65s to 70s, but silver plums, both pitted and unpeeled, are not liked. There are few of these (the pitted) here at the present time, but it is quite possible that they will find a market. In view of the fact that there appears to be some uncertainty in the minds of California growers as to the duty on California dried fruit, we beg to state for the benefit of your readers that it is only apricots, prunes and plums which are liable to duty, and those having to pay at the rate of 7s per cwt. On the other hand, apples, peaches and nectarines are free and pay no duty whatever."

A Chicago dispatch says: "The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruits at auction yesterday as follows: Purple cherries, 5-pound boxes, \$3.50; Rockports, 10-pound boxes, \$4.50; Earliest cherries, 5-pound boxes, small, \$2.10."

Eggs have not been coming in very freely during the past day or two, and prices are higher.

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The stock market today was intensely dull, but a firm trend prevailed. The close tonight shows almost invariable gains. Cordage got up 1% and Northwestern preferred 2.

Government bonds were dull and steady.

NEW YORK, May 4.—MONEY—3 cent, cash, easily closing offered at 2 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—3@3½.

STANLINS EXCHANGE—Steady; 60-day bills, 4.85%; demand, 4.88%.

New York Stocks and Bonds.

In the quotations below, where two sets of figures appear, thus: "Central Pacific, 84@85", the first figures refer to the noon quotations and the last to the closing quotations.]

NEW YORK, May 4.

Atchison, 33@35c North Am., 14%; Am. Cot. Oil., 39%; Or. Nav., 80;

Am. Express, 118; Or. Imp., 22;

Can. Pacific, 87c; San. South., 92½;

Cent. Pac., 107½—107½;

Del. Lack., 159; Reading, 60%;

D. & R. G. P'd., 11%; R. G. W. P's., 81;

Distillers, 47%; R. G. W. P's., 81;

Erie, 30; Rock I., 84@84½;

Hudson, 12½; St. P. & O., 80;

Ind. & T. C., 40;

Lake Shore, 134%; Louis. & Nash., 73%;

Lead Trust., 20; U. S. Ex., 45;

Mich. Cons., 109%; U. S. F's. reg., 100;

Mo. Pac., 60%; U. S. F's. comp., 115½;

N. Pac., 18%—20%; U. S. F's., 44%;

N. W. 130%—135%; W. Union, 93½—93¾;

N. W. P'd., 142%; W. Farge, 144—145;

N.Y.C., 114%.

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, May 4.

Beet & Bel., 2 00 Hale & Nor., 1 20

Con. Cal. & Va. 80 Ophir, 2 10

Crown Pt., 1 15 Plymouth, 1 00

Deadwood, 2 00 Potos., 1 20

Eureka Con., 1 20 Savage, 1 10

Homestake, 1 20 Sierra Nev., 1 10

Hole Silver, 3 00 Standard, 1 35

Mexican, 1 30

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.

Belcher, 1 15 Peer., 50%;

Best & Bel., 2 25 Fotos., 1 15

Chollar, 90; Ophir, 2 20

Con. Vir., 4 00 Savage, 1 10

Confidence, 2 20 Steamer Con., 1 10

Gould & Cur., 1 30 Union Con., 1 10

Hale & Nor., 1 20 Yellow Jacket, 80

Boston Stock.

BOSTON, May 4.—Closing: Atchison,

Topka and Santa Fe, 35½; Chicago, Bur-

lington and Quincy, 107½; Mexican Cen-

tral, 17; San Diego, —; Bell Telephone,

203.

Bar Silver.

NEW YORK, May 4.—BAR SILVER—89%

per ounce, 1 10.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—BAR SILVER—

87½@87¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—MEXICAN DOL-

LARS—90@90½.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.**Grain.**

CHICAGO, May 4.—Wheat was fairly ac-

tive. The market opened 3¢ higher on

former cables and continued wet and cold

weather, advanced 3¢ more, declined 3¢

¾¢ on selling by Partridge, recovered,

eased off and closed easy and 3¢ higher

than yesterday.

The receipts were 38,000; shipments,

135,000.

Closing quotations: WHEAT—Easy; cash

81½; July, 81½@81½.

CORN—Firmer; cash, 42@43¢; July,

41%; August—Easy; cash, 29; July, 28@28½.

LYNCH—62.

TIMOTHY—1.27@1.33.

Flax.

LIVERPOOL, May 4.—WHEAT—Holders

offer sparingly; No. 2 red winter and

spring, 7½d; old, steady.

CORN—the supply of spot is poor, and

holders offer sparingly; spot, 4½d;

July, 4½d; old, 4½d; firm; June, 4½d;

Dry Salt Meats.

CHICAGO, May 4.—DRY SALTED MEATS—

Shoulders, short clear, unchanged; short

ribs, steady, 5.77½@5.80.

Fork.

CHICAGO, May 4.—MEAT PORK—Steady;

cash, 9.67½; July, 9.77½.

Lard.

CHICAGO, May 4.—LAND—Steady; cash,

6.15; July, 6.25.

Whisky.

CHICAGO, May 4.—WHISKY—Quoted at

1.00.

Petroleum.

NEW YORK, May 4.—PETROLEUM—Closed

June, 57½.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, May 4.—COFFEE—Options

closed steady, unchanged, 10 down; sales,

38,000 bags; May, 11.00@11.90;

July, 11.60@11.85;

August, 11.60@11.85.

COFFEE—Steady; sales, centrifugals, 96@

test, 3 1-16; molasses sugar, 59@ test;

Wool.

CHICAGO, May 4.—WOOL—Steady; do-

mestic, 26@26½.

Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, May 4.—CATTLE—The receipts

were 16,000; market steady to a shade

lower; prime to extra steers, 4.00@4.85;

others, 3.25@3.75; feeders, 3.00@3.75; stockers,

2.50@3.25; cows, 2.75@3.25.

HOGS—The receipts were 33,000; market

steady to lower, rough and common, 4.00@

4.40; mixed and packers, 4.45@4.50%;

prime, heavy and butchers' weights, 4.45@

4.60; light, 4.50@4.67½.

Sheep—The receipts were 8,000; the

market was slow, sheep lower and lambs

steady; westerns, 6.00@6.25; clipped Tex-

ans, 7.5@8.00; fleece Texans, 4.50@5.80;

wethers and yearlings, 5.50@6.80.

2-16; Muscovado, 2½; refined, steady, fair demand.

COPPER—Firm; lake, 11.95@12.00.

LEAD—Firm; domestic, 4.25@4.30.

TIN—Easy; strait, 20.45@20.55.

HOPS—Quiet; Pacific, 24@26.

Wool—

NEW YORK, May 4.—WOOL—Steady; do-

mestic, 26@26½.

Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, May 4.—CATTLE—The receipts

were 16,000; market steady to a shade

lower; prime to extra steers, 4.00@4.85;

others, 3.25@3.75; feeders, 3.00@3.7